

(Deemed To Be University)



COLLEGE OF NURSING, SANGLI

Syllabus

B. Sc. NURSING

BHARATI VIDYAPEETH

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INTRODUCTION

Bharati Vidyapeeth which is the parent body of Bharati Vidyapeeth DeemedUniversity was established on 10 May 1964, by Dr. Patangrao Kadam with a widerobjective of contributing to intellectual awakening and social culturaltransformation through dynamic education. Under the imaginative, dynamic, andsocially committed leadership of the founder Dr. Patangrao Kadam, BharatiVidyapeeth Deemed University has made astonishing stride in the field ofeducation. The Vidyapeeth has so far established 156 educational institutionimparting education to the student's right from pre-primary stage to post graduatestage and Ph. D.

The ministry of human resources development (Department of Education, Government of INDIA) on the recommendation of University Grant Commission, New Delhi through their notification No.F. - 9-15/95 U.3 dated 26 April 1996 has declared the following institution of

Bharati Vidyapeeth at Pune as to be Deemed University.

- 1) Bharati Vidyapeeth Medical College, Pune
- 2) Bharati Vidyapeeth Dental and Hospital, Pune.
- 3) Bharati Vidyapeeth College of Ayurved, Pune
- 4) Bharati Vidyapeeth Homeopathic Medical College, Pune
- 5) Bharati Vidyapeeth College of Nursing, Pune.
- 6) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute Yashwantrao Mohite College of Arts , Science and Commerce, Pune.
- 7) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute New Law College, Pune.
- 8) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute Social Science Center (M.S.W.), Pune
- 9) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute Poona College of Pharmacy, Pune.
- 10) Bharati Vidyapeeth College of Engineering, Pune
- 11) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute of Management & Entrepreneurship Development, Pune.
- 12) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute Yashwantrao Chavan Institute of social sciencecentre, Pune
- 13) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute Research and Development Centre in Applied Chemistry, Pune.
- 14) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute College of Physical Education, Pune.
- 15) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute of Environment Education and Research, Pune.
- 16) Bharati Vidyapeeth Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Information Technology, Pune.
- 17) Interactive Research School in Health Affairs (IRSHA).
- 18) Bharati Vidyapeeth Medical College & Hospital, Sangli
- 19) Bharati Vidyapeeth Medical College & Hospital, Mumbai.
- 20) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute of Management & Research, New Delhi.
- 21) Bharati Vidyapeeth College of Architecture, Pune.
- 22) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute of Hotel Management & Catering Technology, Pune.
- 23) Bharati Vidyapeeth Yashwantrao Mohite Institute of Management, Karad.
- 24) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute of Management, Kolhapur

- 25) Bharati Vidyapeeth Institute of Management & Rural DevelopmentAdministration, Sangli.
- 26) Bharati Vidyapeeth Abhijit Kadam Institute of Management & Social Sciences, Solapur.
- 27) Bharati Vidyapeeth College of Engineering, New Delhi.
- 28) Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University Institute of Computer Application & Management, New Delhi.
- 29) Bharati Vidyapeeth Dental College & Hospital, Sangli.
- 30) Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University College of Nursing, Sangli.
- 31) Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University College of Nursing, Navi Mumbai

The association of Indian universities has also accepted this university as itsmember. This is probably the first only university having under its umbrelladiversified disciplines of professional and non- professional categories such as Medicine, Dentistry, Nursing, Ayurvedic, Homeopathic Medicine, Science, Commerce, Law and Humanities.

The degrees and diplomas awarded by this university have the same statusand recognition as those awarded by any Indian University recognized by the University Grant Commission, New Delhi. The University operates itseducational programme in accordance with the rules, regulations and guidelines of various statutory Central Government Bodies like Medical Council of India, Dental council of India, Bar Council of India, Indian nursing Council, Central Council of Indian Medicine etc.

COLLEGE OF NURSING, PUNE

Bharati Vidyapeeth's College of Nursing was established in the year 1992 withprior permission of University of Pune to which it was having affiliation. It isnow a constituent unit of Bharati Vidyapeeth University. This is the firstcollege of nursing in the Non- Government sector in Pune. Adequate facilities for clinical studies have been provided and the college is Dhankawadi, Pune.

The college has been approved by the Government of India, UGC and Maharashtra nursing council. The college has been approved by the Government of India, UGC and Maharashtra nursing council. The college hasseparate Hostel facilities for Boys and Girls. The Curriculum and Syllabus ismade and updated as per the present need in the Maharashtra nursing council, Indian nursing council and the need of society.

COLLEGE OF NURSING, SANGLI.

Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University's College of Nursing, Sangli is startedin 2007 at Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University campus, Wanlesswadi, Sangli. The college is constituent unit of Bharati Vidyapeeth DeemedUniversity; The College has been started with permission from Government of Maharashtra, Maharashtra nursing council and Indian nursing Council. The college has 100 – intake capacity for B.Sc. (N), 30- intake capacity for P.B.B.Sc. (N) & 25- intake capacity for M.Sc. (N).

COLLEGE OF NURSING, MUMBAI

Bharati Vidyapeeth College of Nursing, Navi Mumbai was established in the year 2009. The college has excellent infrastructure such as well-structured spacious class rooms, continuously updated laboratories, national and international books, journal and e-journals and hostels with all necessary amenities and facilities. The clinical teaching and training of students are conducted in the 392 bedded Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation Hospital at Vashi. The students are also deputed for training to other reputed local hospitals in Mumbai such as Thane Regional Mental Hospital, TATA Cancer Hospital, and Wadia Hospital for specialized experience. The community Health experience is given in PHC at Wavanje village (Rural) and Juhugaon (Urban).

ADMISSION TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on 31st December of the year in which admission is sought. The maximum age limit for admission shall be 35 years.

2. Minimum Educational Qualification

- a) Candidate with Science who have passed the qualifying 12th Standard examination (10+2) and must have obtained a minimum of 45% marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together and passed in English individually.
- b) Candidates are also eligible from State Open School recognized by State Government and National Institute of Open School (NIOS) recognized by Central Government having Science subjects and English only.
- c) English is a compulsory subject in 10+2 for being eligible for admission to B.Sc. (Nursing).
- Colour blind candidates are eligible provided that colour corrective contact lens and spectacles are worn by such candidates.
- **4.** Candidate shall be medically fit.
- **5.** Married candidates are also eligible for admission.
- **6.** Students shall be admitted once in a year.
- 7. Selection of candidates should be based on the merit of the **entrance examination**. Entrance test** shall comprise of:
- a) Aptitude for Nursing 20 marks
- b) Physics 20 marks
- c) Chemistry 20 marks
- d) Biology 20 marks
- e) English 20 marks

Minimum qualifying marks for entrance test shall be 50% marks.

ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

1. Grading of Performance

Based on the performance, each student shall be awarded a final grade at the end of the semester for each course.

Absolute grading is used by converting the marks to grade, based on predetermined class intervals. UGC 10 point grading system is used with pass grade modified.

Letter grade	Gr ad e point	Percentage of marks
O (Outstanding)	10	100%
A+(Excellent)	9	90-99.99%
A (Very Good)	8	80-89.99%
B+ (Good)	7	70-79.99%
B (Above Average)	6	60-69.99%
C (Average)	5	50-59.99%
P (Pass)	4	40-49.99%
F (Fail)	0	

For Nursing Courses and all other courses – Pass is at C Grade (5 grade point) 50% and above For English and electives – Pass is at P Grade (4 grade point) 40% and above

^{**}Entrance test shall be conducted by University/State Government.

COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WITH CREDIT STRUCTURE

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theor y credits	Theor y Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credits	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinical credits	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	Total (hours)
1	First	ENGL 101	Communicative English	2	40						40
		ANAT 105	Applied Anatomy	3	60						60
		PHYS 110	Applied Physiology	3	60						60
		SOCI 115	Applied Sociology	3	60						60
		PS YC 120	Applied Psychology	3	60						60
		N-NF (I) 125	Nursing Foundation I including First Aid module	6	120	2	80	2	160	10	360
		SSCC (I) 130	Self-study/Co-curricular								40+40
	,		TOTAL	20	400	2	80	2	160	20+2+ 2= 24	640+80 = 720
2	Second	BIOC 135	Applied Biochemistry	2	40						40
		NUTR 140	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics	3	60						60
		N-NF (II) 125	Nursing Foundation II including Health Assessment module	6	120	3	120	4	320		560
		HNIT 145	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	2	40	1	40				80
		SSCC(II) 130	Self-study/Co-curricular								40+20
	j		TOTAL	13	260	4	160	4	320	13+4+ 4=21	740+60 = 800
3	Third	MICR 201	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	2	40	1	40				80
		PHAR (I) 205	Pharmac ology I	1	20						20
		PATH (I) 210	Pathology I	1	20						20
		N-AHN (I) 215	Adult Health Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology including BCLS module	7	140	1	40	6	480		660
		SSCC (I) 220	Self-study/Co-curricular								20
			TOTAL	11	220	2	80	6	480	11+2+ 6=19	780+20 =800
4	Fourth	PHAR (II) 205	Pharmac ology II including Fundamentals of prescribing module	3	60						60
		PATH (II) 210	Pathology II and Genetics	1	20						20
		N-AHN (II) 225	Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing + Palliative care module	7	140	1	40	6	480		660

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theor y credits	Theor y Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credits	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinical credits	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	Total (hours)
		PROF 230	Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics including bioethics	1	20						20
		SSCC(II) 220	Self-study/Co-curricular								40
			TOTAL	12	240	1	40	6	480	12+1+ 6=19	760+40 =800
5	Fifth	N-CHN(I) 301	Child Health Nursing I including Essential Newborn Care (ENBC), FBNC, IMNCI and PLS, modules	3	60	1	40	2	160		260
		N-MHN(I) 305	Mental Health Nursing I	3	60			1	80		140
		N-COMH(I) 310	Community Health Nursing I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology	5	100			2	160		260
		EDUC 315	Educational Technology/Nursing Education	2	40	1	40				80
		N-FORN 320	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian laws	1	20						20
		SSC C(I) 325	Self-study/Co-curricular								20+20
			TOTAL	14	280	2	80	5	400	14+2+ 5=21	760+40 =800
6	Sixth	N-CHN(II) 301	Child Health Nursing II	2	40			1	80		120
		N-MHN(II) 305	Mental Health Nursing II	2	40			2	160		200
		NMLE 330	Nursing Management & Lea dership	3	60			1	80		140
		N-MIDW(I) / OBGN 335	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing Lincluding SBA module	3	60	1	40	3	240		340
		SSCC(II) 325	Self-study/Co-curricular								-
			TOTAL	10	200	1	40	7	560	10+1+ 7=18	800
7	Seventh	N-COMH(II) 401	Community Health Nursing II	5	100			2	160		260
		NRST 405	Nursing Research & Statistics	2	40	2	80 (Projec t- 40)				120
		N-MIDW(II)/ OBGN 410	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing II including Safe delivery app module	3	60	1	40	4	320		420

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	y	Theor y Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credits	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinical credits	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	(hours)
			Self-study/Co-curricular								-
			TOTAL	10	200	3	120	6	480	10+3+ 6=19	800
8	Eight (Internshi	INTE 415	Community Health Nursing - 4 weeks								
	p)	INTE 420	Adult Health Nursing – 6 weeks								
		INTE 425	Child Health Nursing – 4 we eks								
		INTE 430	Mental Health Nursing – 4 we eks								
		INTE 435	Midwifery – 4 weeks								
			TOTAL = 22 weeks					12 (1 credit = 4 hours per week per sem ester)			1056 {4 hours × 22 we eks = 88 hours × 12 credits = 1056 hours} (48 hours per week × 22 weeks)

1 credit theory – 1 hour per week per semester

1 credit practical/lab/skill lab/simulation lab – 2 hours per week per semester

1 credit clinical – 4 hours per week per semester

1 credit elective course – 1 hour per week per semester

Total Semesters = 8

(Seven semesters: One semester = $20 \text{ weeks} \times 40 \text{ hours per week} = 800 \text{ hours}$)

(**Eighth semester – Internship:** One semester = $22 \text{ weeks} \times 48 \text{ hours per week} = 1056 \text{ hours}$)

Total number of course credits including internship and electives – 156 (141+12+3)

Distribution of credits and hours by courses, internship and electives

S.No.	Credits	Theory (Cr/Hrs)	Lab (Cr/Hrs)	Clinical (Cr/Hrs)	Total credits	Hours
1	Course credits	90 credit per 1800 hours	15/600	36/2880	141	5280
2	Internship				12	1056

3	Electives			3	60
	TOTAL			156	6396
4	Self-study and Co-curricular	Saturdays (one semester = 5 hours per week × 20 weeks × 7 semesters = 700 hours)		12 35	240 700
				47	940

Distribution of credits, hours and percentage for theory and practicum (Skill Lab & Clinical) across eight semesters

S.No.	Theory & Practicum (Skill Lab & Clinical)	Credits	Hours	Perc entage
1	Theory	90	1800	28
2	Lab/Skill Lab	15	600	10
3	Clinical	36	3936	62
	Total	141	6336 hours	100

Practicum (7 semesters) excluding internship

Lab/skill lab/simulation lab - 600 (17%)

Clinical – 2880 (83%)

Total-3480

Lab/skill lab/simulation lab = 17% of the total practicum planned

Note: Besides the stipulated lab and clinical hours, a maximum of 13% (400-450 hours) from the clinical hours can be used in simulation lab/skill lab for skill lab/simulation learning and not to exceed 30% of total hours.

1. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End Semester College Exam, and End Semester University Exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assessment (Marks)							
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	T ot al M ar ks				
,	Theory	•								
1	Communicative English	25	25		2	50				
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	25		75	3	100				
3	Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology	25		75	3	100				
4	Nursing Foundations I	*25								
	Practical	•			-					
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25								

^{*} Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations II Theory and Practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory: Nursing Foundations I Theory Internal marks in 1st semester will be added to Nursing Foundations II Theory Internal in the 2nd semester and average of the two semesters will be taken.

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assess	ment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Theory	*'				
1	Applied Biochemistry and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics	25		75	3	100
2	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	25		75	3	100
		I Sem-25 & II Sem-25 (with average of both)				
3	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	25	25		2	50
	Pr ac tic al				•	
4	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	50 I Sem -25 & II Sem-25		50		100

III SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assess	ment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	Theory					1
1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	25		75	3	100
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	*25				
3	Adult Health Nursing I	25		75	3	100
	Pr ac tic al					
4	Adult Health Nursing I	50		50		100

 $^{^{*}}$ Will be added to the internal marks of Pharmacology II and Pathology II & Genetics in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same).

IV SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assessment (Marks)					
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks		
	Theory							
1	Pharmacology & Pathology (I & II) and Genetics	III Sem-25 & IV Sem-25 (with average of		75	3	100		

		both)				
2	Adult Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100
3	Professionalism, Ethics and Professional Values	25	25		2	50
	Pr ac tic al					
4	Adult Health Nursing II	50		50		100

V SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assess	ment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	Theory					
1	Child Health Nursing I	*25				
2	Mental Health Nursing I	*25				
3	Community Health Nursing I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology	25		75	3	100
4	Educational Technology/Nursing Education	25		75	3	100
5	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	25	25		2	50
	Pr ac tic al					
6	Child Health Nursing I	*25				
7	Mental Health Nursing I	*25				
8	Community Health Nursing I	50		50		100

^{*} Will be added to the internal marks of Child Health Nursing II and Mental Health Nursing II in both theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains same).

VI SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assess	ment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	Theory					
1	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100
2	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100

3	Nursing Management & Leadership	25	75	3	100
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics & Gynecology I	*25			
	Pr actic al				
5	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25)	50		100
6	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	50 (S em V-25 & S em VI-25)	50		100
7	Midwifery/Obstetrics & Gynecology I	*25			

^{*} Will be added to Internal marks of Midwifery II theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

VII SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assess	ment (Marks)		
		In tern al	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	The or y					
1	Community Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100
2	Nursing Research & Statistics	25		75	3	100
2	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem VI-25 & Sem VII-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100
	Pr ac tic al					
3	Community Health Nursing II	50		50		100
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem VI-25 & Sem VII-25)		50		100

VIII SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)				
		Internal End Semester College Exam			Hours	Total mar ks
	Pr ac tic al					
1	Competency Assessment	100		100		200

1. EXAMINATION REGULATIONS Note:

- 1. Applied Anatomy and Applied Physiology: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Anatomy of 37 marks and Section-B Applied Physiology of 38 marks.
- 2. Applied Sociology and Applied Psychology: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Sociology of 37 marks and Section-B Applied Psychology of 38 marks.
- 3. Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Microbiology of 37 marks and Section-B Infection Control including Safety of 38 marks.
- 4. Applied Nutrition and Dietetics and Applied Biochemistry: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Nutrition and Dietetics of 50 marks and Section-B Biochemistry of 25 marks.
- 5. Pharmacology, Genetics and Pathology: Question paper will consist of Section-A of Pharmacology with 38 marks, Section-B of Pathology with 25 marks and Genetics with 12 marks.
- 6. Nursing Research and Statistics: Nursing Research should be of 55 marks and Statistics of 20 marks.
- 7. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each course/subject for appearing for examination.
- 8. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award of degree.
- 9. Following exams shall be conducted as College exam and minimum pass is 50% (C Grade) and to be sent to the University for inclusion in the marks sheet and shall be considered for calculating aggregate.
 - i. Communicative English
 - ii. Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology
 - iii. Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics including Bioethics
 - iv. Introduction to Forensic Nursing & Indian Laws
 - 10. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% (P grade/4 point) for English only and elective modules.
 - 11. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Theory and practical papers separately except in English.
- 12. The student has to pass in all **mandatory modules** placed within courses and the pass mark for each module is 50% (C Grade). The allotted percentage of marks will be included in the internal assessment of College/University Examination (Refer Appendix 2).
- 13. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 14. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical, he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 15. If the student has failed in only one subject and has passed in all the other subjects of a particular semester and Grace marks of up to 5 marks to theory marks can be added for one course/subject only, provided that by such an addition the student passes the semester examination.
- 16. The candidate shall appear for exams in each semester:
- The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examinations before appearing for fifth semester examination. However, the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
- ii. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examinations before appearing for seventh semester examination. However, the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
- iii. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examination before appearing for final year examination.
- iv. The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years.
- 17. The candidate has to pass separately in internal and external examination (shall be reflected in the marks sheet). No institution shall submit average internal marks of the students not more than 75% (i.e. if 40 students are admitted in a course the average score of the 40 students shall not exceed 75% of total internal marks).
- 18. At least 50% of the Non-nursing subjects like Applied Anatomy & Physiology, Applied Biochemistry, Applied Psychology & Sociology, Applied Microbiology, Pharmacology, Genetics, Nutrition & Dietetics, Communicative English and Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology should be taught by the Nursing teachers. Teachers who are involved in teaching non-nursing subjects can be the examiners for the program.
- 19. Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 20 per day. Particular year and of same institution batch shall be examined by the same set of examiners.
- 20. All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.
- 21. One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.
- 22. An examiner for theory and practical/OSCE examination should be an Assistant Professor or above in a College of Nursing with M.Sc. (Nursing) in concerned subject and minimum 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for Nursing Foundations course, the faculty having M.Sc. (Nursing) with any specialty shall be considered.

B.Sc. Nursing Semester - I

SYLLABUS COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals.
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence.
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations.
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means.
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc.
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies.
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills.
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eac hin g/ L earning A ctivities	Assessment Methods
I	3 (T)	Identify the significance of communicative English	Communication What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals?	Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/communicative strategies in LSR W Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks	C hecking for understanding through tasks
П	5 (T)	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	Introduction to LSRGW L - Listening: Different types of listening S - Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R - Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr - Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W - Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs - emphasis on correct grammar	Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech — Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct gramm ar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions	Through =check your understanding' exercises

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eac hin g/ L earning A ctivities	Assessment Methods
111	5 (T)	Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations	Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations - announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to a cademic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation	Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities	Checking individually against correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV	9 (T)	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	Speaking – Effective Conversation Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for information, giving instructions and directions Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations	Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professionals Classroom conversation Scenario based learning tasks	Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking
V	5 (T)	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, frame work, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions	Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis	Reading/ summarizing/ justifying answers orally Patient document Doctor's prescription of care Journal/news

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eac hin g/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VI	5 (T)	Enhance	 Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar Writing Skills 	Grammar activities Writing tasks with	reading and interpretation Notes/Reports Paper based
		expressions through writing skills	Writing patient history Note taking Summarising Anec dotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing Report writing Paper writing skills Abstract writing	focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter writing tasks	assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentation of situation Documentation Report writing Paper writing skills Verbatim reproducing Letter writing Resume/CV
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	LSRW Skills Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW	Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration — individually and in groups Group Discussion Presentation Role Play Writing reports	Consolidated assessment orally and through written tasks/exercises

APPLIED ANATOMY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms.
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations.
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	L earning O utc om es	C on tent	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)		Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body	Lecture cum Discussion	Quiz M C Q
		De fine the terms relative to the an atomical position	Introduction to anatom ic al terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine,	U se of models	S h ort an swer
			palm ar and plantar	V id e o d e m o nstratio n	
		Describe the anatomical planes	Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane)	U se of microscopic slides	
		De fine and describe the terms used to describe movements	Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction	Lecture cum Discussion	
			Cell structure, Cell division	V id eo/Slid es	
		Organization of	Tissue – de finition, types, characteristics, classification, location	A natomical Torso	
		human body and structure of cell, tissues mem branes	Mem brane, glands - classification and structure		
		and glands	Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body		
			H yaline, fibro cartilage, e lastic cartilage		
		Describe the types of cartilage	Features of skeletal, sm ooth and cardiac muscle		
		Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	Application and implication in nursing		
II	6 (T)	Describe the structure of respiratory system	The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of respiration	Lecture cum Discussion Models	Short answer Objective type
		Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of	M uscles of respiration	V id eo/Slid es	
		bre athing	Application and implication in nursing		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Te aching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ш	6 (T)	Describe the structure	The Dige stive system	Lecture cum	Short answer
		of digestive system	Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion	Discussion Video/Slides	Objective type
			Application and implications in nursing	Anatomical Torso	
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure	The Circulatory and Lymphatic system	Lecture	Short answer
		of circulatory and lymphatic system.	Structure of blood components, blood vessels – Arterial and Venous system	Models Video/Slides	MCQ
			Position of heart relative to the associated structures	v ideo/Stides	
			Chambers of heart, layers of heart		
			Heart valves, coronary arteries		
			Nerve and blood supply to heart		
			Lymphatic tissue		
			Veins used for IV injections		
			Application and implication in nursing		
V	4 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands	Models/charts	Objective type
VI	4 (T)	Describe the structure of various sensory	The Sensory organs	Lecture	Short answer
		organs	Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue	Explain with	MCQ
			Application and implications in nursing	Video/ models/charts	
VII	10 (T)	Describe anatomical position and structure	The Musculoskeletal system:	Review – discussion	Short answer Objective type
		of bones and joints	The Skeletal system	Lecture	Objective type
		T1 .:C : 1	Anatomical positions	Discussions	
		Identify major bones that make up the axial	·	Explain using	
		and appendicular skeleton	Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification	charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso	
		Classify the joints	Axial and appendicular skeleton	Identifying muscles involved in	
		Identify the application and implications in nursing	Joints – classification, major joints and structure	nursing procedures in lab	
		Describe the structure of muscle	Application and implications in nursing		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Te ac hing/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	The Muscular system Types and structure of muscles • Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures		
VIII	5 (T)	Describe the structure of renal system	The Renal system Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra Application and implication in nursing	Lecture Models/charts	MCQ Short answer
IX	5 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	The Reproductive system Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of breast	Lecture Models/charts	MCQ Short answer
X	6 (T)	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the ventricular system	The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular system – formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing	Lecture Explain with models Video slides	MCQ Short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling (less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- 4. Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	T im e (Hrs)	L earning Out come s	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	General Physiology – Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation a cross cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue – formation, repair Membranes and glands – functions Application and implication in nursing	Review – discussion Lecture cum Discussion Vide o demonstrations	Quiz MCQ Shortanswer
II	6 (T)	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	Respiratory system Functions of respiratory organs Physiology of respiration Pulmonary circulation – functional features Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue Regulation of respiration Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing Respiratory changes during exercise Application and implication in nursing	Lecture Video slides	Essay Shortanswer MCQ
111	8 (T)	Describe the functions of dige stive system	Digestive system Functions of the organs of digestive tract Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Composition of bile and function Secretion and function of small and large intestine Movements of alimentary tract Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food Application and implications in nursing	Lecture cum Discussion Vide o slide s	Essay Shortanswer MCQ
IV	6 (T)	Explain the functions of the	Circulatory and Lymphatic system Functions of heart, conduction system,	Lecture	Shortanswer

Un it	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	A ss es sm en t M e tho ds
		heart, and physiology of	cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac output	Discussion Vide o/Slide s	MCQ
		circulation	Blood pressure and Pulse	vide of Bride's	
			• Circulation – principles, factors influencing blood pressure, pulse		
			Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic circulation		
			Heart rate – regulation of heart rate		
			Normal value and variations		
			Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise and posture		
			Application and implication in nursing		
v	5 (T)	Describe the	Blood	Lecture	Essay
		composition and functions of blood	Blood - Functions, Physical characteristics	Discussion	Shortanswer
			Formation of blood cells	Videos	MCQ
			Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			WBC - types, functions		
			Platelets – Function and production of platelets		
			Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT		
			Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation		
			Blood groups and types		
			Functions of reticuloend othelial system, immunity		
			Application in nursing		
VI	5 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	Shortanswer
		endocrine glands and describe their functions	Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands.	• Explain using charts	MCQ
			• Other hormones		
			Alterations in disease		
			Application and implication in nursing		
VII	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory Organs	Lecture	Shortanswer
		structure of various sensory	Functions of skin	Video	MCQ
		organs	Vision, hearing, taste and smell		
			Errors of refraction, aging changes		
			Application and implications in nursing		
VIII	6 (T)	Describe the functions of	Musculosk ele tal system	Lecture	Structured essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		bones, joints, various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them	Bones – Functions, movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing Joints and joint movements Alteration of joint disease Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles Application and implication in nursing	Discussion Vide o presentation	Short answer MCQ
IX	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of renal system	Renal system Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis GFR Functions of ureters, bladder and ure thra Micturition Regulation of renal function Application and implication in nursing	Lecture Charts and models	Short answer MCQ
X	4 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	The Reproductive system Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen Application and implication in providing nursing care	Lecture Explain using charts, models, specimens	Short answer MCQ
XI	8 (T)	Describe the functions of brain, physiology of nerve stimulus, re fle xe s, cranial and spinal nerves	Nervous system Overview of nervous system Review of types, structure and functions of neurons Nerve impulse Review functions of Brain-Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum, Cerebellum Sensory and Motor Nervous system Peripheral Nervous system Autonomic Nervous system Limbic system and higher mental Functions-Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothalamus Vestibular apparatus Functions of cranial nerves Autonomic functions Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred	Lecture cum Discussion Video slides	Brief structured essays Short answer MCQ Critical reflection

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Asses sment Methods
			 Reflexes CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier Application and implication in nursing 		

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling (less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	1 (T)	Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	Introduction Definition, nature and scope of sociology Significance of sociology in nursing	Lecture Discussion	Essay Short answer
п	15 (T)	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individual and society Personal disorganization Social group — meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes — definition and forms, Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization — characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change — nature, process, and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure in nursing profession		
Ш	8 (T)	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization Culture and socialization Transcultural society Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease	Lecture Panel discussion	Essay Short answer
IV	8 (T)	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	Family and Marriage Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices	Lecture	Essay Short answer Case study report
V	8 (T)	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on he alth	Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system – origin and characteristics Positive and negative impact of caste in society. Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race – concept, criteria of racial classification Influence of class, caste and race system on health.	Lecture Panel discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type
VI	15 (T)	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	Social organization and disorganization Social organization – meaning, elements and types Voluntary associations Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control	Lecture Group discussion Observational visit	Essay Short answer Objective type Visit report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19 Vulnerable group – elderly, handic apped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programs in India 		
VII	5 (T)	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abuse d Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention	Lecture, Group discussion Role play	Essay Short answer

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life.
- 2. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour.
- 3. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality.
- 4. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups.
- 5. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients.
- 6. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 7. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role.
- 8. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

		T	1 – Theory	1	
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eaching/ L earning A ctivities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Describe scope,	Introduction	Lecture cum	Essay
		branches and significance of	M eaning of Psychology	D is cussion	S hort answer
		psychology in nursing	Development of psychology – Scope, branches and methods of psychology		
			Relationship with other subjects		
			S ignificance of psychology in nursing		
			Applied psychology to solve everyday issues		
ΙΙ	4 (T)		Biological basis of behavior - Introduction	Lecture	Essay
		human behaviour	Body m ind relationship	D is cussion	S hort answer
			Genetics and behaviour		
			Inheritance of behaviour		
			Brain and behaviour.		
			Psychology and sensation – sensory process – norm al and abnorm al		
ΠI	5 (T)	Describe mentally	Mental health and mental hygiene	Lecture	Essay
		he althy person and de fense mechanism s	Concept of mental health and mental hygiene	Case discussion Role play	S hort answer O bjective type
			Characteristic of mentally healthy person	Kore pray	O bjective type
			Warning signs of poor mental health		
			Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services		
			Defense mechanism and its implication		
			Frustration and conflict – types of conflicts and measurements to overcome		
			Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping		
			Dealing with ego		
ΙV	7 (T)	De scribe	D evelop m ental psychology	Lecture	Essay
		psychology of people in different	Physical, psychosocial and cognitive	G ro up	S hort answer
		age groups and role of nurse	de velop ment across life span — Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adole scence, early and mid-adulthood, late adulthood, death and dying	d is cussion	
			Role of nurse in supporting normal growth and development across the life span		
			Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness – Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and older adult		
			Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			children		
			Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc.		
			Role of nurse with vulnerable groups		
V	4 (T)	Explain personality	Personality	Lecture	Essay and short
		and role of nurse in identification and	Meaning, definition of personality	Discussion	answer
		improvement in altered personality	Classification of personality	Demonstration	Objective type
		ancieu personamy	Measurement and evaluation of personality — Introduction		
			Alteration in personality		
			Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality		
VI	16 (T)	Explain cognitive process and their	Cognitive process	Lecture	Essay and short
		applications	Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention	Discussion	answer Objective type
			Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception,		
			Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mental de fic iencies		
			Learning – Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation		
			Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting		
			Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving.		
			Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability		
			Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction		
			Alteration in cognitive processes		
VII	6 (T)	De scribe	Motivation and emotional processes	Lecture	Essay and short
		motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick	Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives	Group discussion	answer Objective type
		client	Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other		
			Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			• Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness		
			Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction		
			Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client		
VIII	4 (T)	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answer Assessment of practice
			Role of nurse in psychological assessment		
IX	10 (T)	Explain concept of soft skill and its	Application of soft skill	Lecture	Essay and short
		application in work	Concept of soft skill	Group discussion	answer
		place and society	Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill	Role play	
			The way of communication	Refer/Complete Soft skills module	
			Building relationship with client and society		
			Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers		
			Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance		
			Applying soft skill to workplace and society – Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc.		
			Use of soft skill in nursing		
X	2 (T)	Explain self- empowerment	Self-empowerment	Lecture	Short answer
		строжеттен	Dimensions of self-empowerment	Discussion	Objective type
			Self-empowerment development		
			Importance of women's empowerment in society		
			Professional etiquette and personal grooming		
			Role of nurse in empowering others		

NURSING FOUNDATION - I (including First Aid module)

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

* Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory, SL – Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	Describe the concept of health and illness	Introduction to health and illness Concept of Health – Definitions (WHO), Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs Health – Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illnesses Illness – Types, illness behavior Impact of illness on patient and family	Lecture Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type
II	5 (T)	Describe the levels of illness prevention and care, health care services	Health Care Delivery Systems – Introduction of Basic Concepts & Meanings Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Types of health care a gencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities Hospitals – Types, Organization and	Lecture Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Functions Health care teams in hospitals – members and their role		
III	12 (T)	Trace the history of Nursing Explain the concept, nature and scope of nursing Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India	History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession History of Nursing, History of Nursing in India Contributions of Florence Nightingale Nursing – Definition – Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession Values – Introduction – meaning and importance Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction	Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role plays	Essay Short answers Objective type
IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles, and types of communication Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional communication Communicate effectively with patients, their families and team members	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship Communication – Levels, Elements and Process, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication Methods of effective communication/therapeutic communication techniques Barriers to effective communication/non-therapeutic communication techniques Professional communication Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)	Lecture Discussion Role play and video film on Therapeutic Communication	Essay Short answer Objective type
V	4(T) 2(SL)	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	Documentation and Reporting Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/Common Record-keeping forms Methods/Systems of documentation/Recording	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Guidelines for documentation		
			• Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legal guidelines for Documentation/Recording		
			Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports		
VI	15 (T)	Describe principles	Vitalsigns	• Lecture	Essay
	20	and techniques of monitoring and	Guidelines for taking vital signs	• Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	maintaining vital	Body temperature –	Demonstration &	Objective
		signs	 Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature 	Re-demonstration	type Document the
			 Assessment of body temperature – sites, equipment and technique 		given values of
			 Tempera ture alterations – Hyperther mia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia 		temperature, pulse, and respiration in the graphic
			 Fe ver/P yre xia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		sheet OSCE
			Nursing Management		
			 Hot and Cold applications 		
			Pulse:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
		Assess and record	Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique		
		vital signs accurately	o Alterations in pulse		
			Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		
			 Assessment of respirations – technique Arterial Oxygen saturation Alterations in respiration 		
			Blood pressure:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP 		
			 Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment 		
			o Alterations in Blood Pressure		
			Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 (T)	Maintain equipment	Equipment and Linen		
		and linen	Types – Disposables and reusable		
			 Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture 		
			Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	10 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the basic principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	Introduction to Infection Control in Clinical setting Infection Nature of infection Chain of infection Types of infection Stages of infection Factors increasing susceptibility to infection Body defenses against infection — Inflammatory response & Immune response Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection) Introductory concept of Asepsis — Medical & Surgical asepsis Precautions Hand Hygiene (Hand washing and use of hand Rub) Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Standard precautions Biomedical Waste management Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards — Introduction	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Observation of autoclaving and other sterilization techniques Video presentation on medical & surgical asepsis	Essay Short answer Objective type
IX	15 (T) 15 (SL)	Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain Comfort Factors Influencing Comfort Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making Therapeutic positions Comfort devices Sleep and Rest Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Pain (Discomfort) Physiology Common cause of pain Types Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales	Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach ing/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures – Use of narcotics, TENS devices, PCA 		
			 Invasive techniques of pain management 		
			O Any other newer measures		
			 CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities) 		
X	5 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the concept of patient environment	Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type
			Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control		
			$\label{eq:Reduction of Physical hazards-fire,} Reduction of Physical hazards-fire,\\ accidents$		
			Fall R isk Assessment		
			Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment		
			Safety devices –		
			 Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines 		
			 Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		
XI	admission	Explain and perform	Hospital Admission and discharge	Lecture	Essay
		admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit	Discussion Demonstration	Short answer Objective
			o Admission bed	Demonstration	type
			o Admission procedure		
			o Medico-legal issues		
			 Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital 		
			Types - Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers		
			o Discharge Planning		
			o Discharge procedure		
			o Medico-legal issues		
			o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse		
			O Care of the unit after disc harge		
XII	8 (T)	Demonstrate skill in	Mobility and Immobility	Lecture	Essay
	10 (SL)	caring for patients with restricted mobility	Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility,	Discussion Demonstration &	Short answer Objective
			Balance, Coordinated Movement	_ cmononation &	5 5,5501,6

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise – Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment – positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints 	Re-demonstration	type OSC E
XIII	4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the principles and practice of patient education	Patient education Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process Integrating nursing process in patient teaching	Discussion Role plays	Essay Short answer Objective type
XIV	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	First Aid* Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management • Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock • Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries • Transportation of Injured persons • Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR • Unconsciousness • Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach • Burns & Scalds • Poisoning, Bites & Stings • Frostbite & Effects of Heat • Community Emergencies	Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) /Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module	Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE

^{*}Mandatory module

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General Medical/Surgical Wards 10 weeks × 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Ass es sment M eth o ds
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image) Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting	Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report Written report		OS CE
	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs C are for patients with altered vital signs Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical settings Hand hygiene Use of PPE	Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OS CE
	3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Comfort, Rest & Sleep Bed making- Open Closed Occupied Post-operative		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OS CE

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Ass es sment M eth o ds
Unit	(in Wee ks)	Provide safe and clean environment	Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice) Cardiac bed Fracture bed Comfort devices Pillows Over bed table/cardiac table Back rest Bed Cradle Therapeutic Positions Supine Fowlers (low, semi, high) Lateral Prone Sim's Trendelenburg Dorsal recumbent Lithotomy Knee chest Pain Pain assessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment		Methods
		e nv ironini ent	 Use of Safety devices: Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment 	Fall risk assessment-1	
	2	Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in: Moving	Individual teaching-1	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Asses sment Methods
		Plan and provide	o Turning		
		appropriate health teaching following	o Logrolling		
		the principles	Changing position of helpless patient		
			Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/stretcher)		
			Patient education		
	1	Demonstrate skills in	First aid and Emergencies	Module	Assessment of
		assessing and performing First Aid	Bandaging Techniques	completion National	clinical skills using checklist
		during emergencies	o Basic Bandages:	Disaster	OSCE (first aid c om petencies)
			□Circular	Management Authority	
			□Spiral	(NDMA) First	
			□Re verse - Spir al	Aid module (To complete it	
			□Re current	in clinicals if	
			□Figure of Eight	not completed during lab)	
			o Special Bandages:		
			□Ca plin		
			□Eye/Ear Bandage		
			□Jaw Bandage		
			□Shoulder Spica		
			□Thumb spica		
			□Triangular Bandage/ Sling (Head & limbs)		
			□Binders		

B. Sc. Nursing Semester - II

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 credits (40 hours) (includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations.
- 2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations.
- 3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations.
- 4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions.
- 5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance.
- 6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance.
- 7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings.
- 8. Illustrate the immunochemistry.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	T im e (H rs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eaching/Learning A ctivities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations	C arbohydrates Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders Regulation of blood glucose Diabetes Mellitus – type 1 and type 2, symptoms, complications & management in brief Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus OGTT – Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT OHbAlc (Only definition) Hypoglycemia – Definition & causes	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of la bora tory tests	Essay Short answer Very short answer
11	8 (T)	Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations	Lipids Fatty acids - Definition, classification Definition & Clinical significance of MUFA & PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids Digestion, absorption & metabolism of lipids & related disorders Compounds formed from cholesterol Ketone bodies (name, types & significance only) Lipoproteins - types & functions (metabolism not required) Lipid profile A therosclerosis (in brief)	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of labora tory tests	Essay Short answer Very short answer
III	9 (T)	Explain the metabolism of amino acids and proteins Identify alterations in disease conditions	Proteins Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples Digestion, absorption & metabolism of protein & related disorders Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolism — only aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein — types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinem ia, hyper-gamma globinem ia Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts, models and slides	Essay Short answer Very short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assess ment Methods
			brief)		
IV	4 (T)	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	Clinical Enzymology Isoenzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases – ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction – CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases – CK, Aldolase Bone diseases – ALP Prostate cancer – PSA, ACP	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Essay Short answer Very short answer
V	3 (T)	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	Acid base maintenance pH – definition, normal value Regulation of blood pH – blood buffer, respiratory & renal ABG – normal values Acid base disorders – types, definition & causes	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Short answer Very short answer
VI	2 (T)	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	Heme catabolism Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & blood investigations (van den berg test)	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Short answer Veryshort answer
VII	3 (T)	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) Renal Liver Thyroid	Lecture cum Discussion Visit to Lab Explain using charts and slides	Short answer Veryshort answer
VIII	3 (T)	Illustrate the immunochemistry	Immunochemistry Structure & functions of immunoglobulin Investigations & interpretation – ELISA	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests	Short answer Very short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately).

APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 credits (60 hours) Theory: 45 hours

Lab: 15 hours **DESCRIPTION:** The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 2. Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring patients.
- 3. Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.
- 4. Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.
- 6. Plan therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.
- 7. Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	T im e (Hrs)	Learn in g Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	A s ses s me nt M ethods
I	2 (T)	Define nutrition and its relationship to Health	Introduction to Nutrition Concepts Definition of Nutrition & Health Malnutrition - Under Nutrition & Over Nutrition Role of Nutrition in maintaining health Factors affecting food and nutrition Nutrients Classification Macro & Micronutrients Organic & Inorganic Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding Food Classification - Food groups Origin	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides	Essay Short answer Very short answer
П	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (R DA) of carbohydrates Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR	Carbohydrates Composition – Starches, sugar and cellulose Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) Dietary sources Functions Energy Unit of energy – Kcal Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides Models Display of food items	Essay Short answer Very short answer
III	3 (T)	Describe the classification, Functions, sources	Proteins Composition	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides	Essay Short answer Very short

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assess ment Methods
		and RDA of proteins.	 Eight essential a mino a cids Functions Dietary sources Prote in requirements – RDA 	Models Display of food items	answer
IV	2 (T)	Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of fats	Fats Classification – Saturated & unsaturated Calorie value Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements – RDA	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides Models Display of food items	Essay Short answer Very short answer
V	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	Vitamins Classification – fat soluble & water soluble Fat soluble – Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble – Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements – RDA of every vitamin	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides Models Display of food items	Essay Short answer Very short answer
VI	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	Minerals Classification – Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium and magnesium) and Trace elements Functions Dietary Sources Requirements – RDA	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides Models Display of food items	Short answer Very short answer
VII	7 (T) 8 (L)	Describe and plan balanced diet for different age groups, pregnancy, and lactation	Balanced diet De finition, principles, steps Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups RDA – Definition, limitations, uses Food Exchange System Calculation of nutritive value of foods Dietary fibre Nutrition across life cycle Meal planning/Menu planning – Definition, principles, steps Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) guidelines – breast feeding, infant foods Diet plan for different age groups –	Lecture cum Discussion Mealplanning Lab session on Preparation of balanced diet for different cate gories Low cost nutritious dishes	Short answer Very short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learn in g Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	6 (T)	Classificand	Children, adolescents and elderly Diet in pregnancy – nutritional requirements and balanced diet plan Anemia in pregnancy – diagnosis, diet for anemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid supplementation and counseling Nutrition in lactation – nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers, complementary feeding/ weaning	Lastronauss	Economic
VIII	6 (T)	Classify and describe the common nutritional deficiency disorders and identify nurses' role in assessment, management and prevention	Protein energy malnutrition – magnitude of the problem, causes, classification, signs & symptoms, Severe acute malnutrition (SAM), management & prevention and nurses' role Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A, B, C & D deficiency disorders –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodine and calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides Models	Essay Short answer Very short answer
IX	4 (T) 7 (L)	Principles of diets in various diseases	Therapeutic diets Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal diseases, Hepatic disorders Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post-operative period	Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on preparation of therapeutic diets	Essay Short answer Very short answer
X	3 (T)	Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/S lides	Essay Short answer Very short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learn in g Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
XI	4 (T)	Explain the methods of nutritional assessment and nutrition e ducation	Nutrition assessment and nutrition education Objectives of nutritional assessment • Methods of assessment – clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method Nutrition education – purposes, principles and methods	Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Writing nutritional assessment report	Essay Short answer Evaluation of Nutritional assessment report
XII	3 (T)	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	National Nutritional Programs and role of nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programs – Vitamin A Supplementation, Anemia Mukt Bharat Program, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced Role of nurse in every program	Lecture cum Discussion	Essay Short answer Very short answer
XIII	2 (T)	Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety Explain the Acts related to food safety	Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food Food storage, food handling and cooking General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk, meat) Role of food handlers in food borne diseases Essential steps in safe cooking practices	Guided reading on related acts	Quiz Short answer

Food born diseases and food poisoning are dealt in Community Health Nursing I.

NURSING FOUNDATION - II (including Health Assessment Module)

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER **THEORY:** 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 3 Credits (120 hours), Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings
- 2. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach in supervised clinical settings
- 3. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision
- 4. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 7. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 8. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology
- 9. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication
- 10. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 11. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 12. Explain loss, death and grief
- 13. Describe sexual development and sexuality
- 14. Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 15. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 16. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient care

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

Health Assessment Module: 40 hours

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory, SL – Skill Lab

Un it	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eac hin g/ L earning A ctivities	Assessment Methods
I	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Describe the purpose and process of health assessment and perform assessment under supervised clinical practice	Health Assessment Interview techniques Observation techniques Purposes of health assessment Process of Health assessment OHealth history Physical examination: Methods: Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for examination: patient and unit General assessment Assessment of each body system Documenting health assessment findings	Modular Learning *Health Assessment Module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE
II	13 (T) 8 (SL)	Describe assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process	The Nursing Process Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing Nursing Process Overview	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Supervised Clinical Practice	Essay Short answer Objective type Evaluation of c are plan

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eaching/ L earning Activities	Assessment Methods
		approach	○ A ss ess ment		
			☐ Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods		
			☐ Organizing Data		
			□ Validating Data		
			☐ Documenting Data		
			o Nursing Diagnosis		
			☐ Identification of client problems, risks and strengths		
			 Nursing diagnosis statement – parts, Types, Formulating, Guidelines for formulating Nursing Diagnosis 		
			 NANDA approved diagnoses 		
			 Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis 		
			§ Planning		
			☐ Types of planning		
			 Establishing Priorities 		
			 Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes – Purposes, types, guidelines, Components of goals and outcome statements 		
			 Types of Nursing Interventions, Selecting interventions: Protocols and Standing Orders 		
			 Introduction to Nursing Intervention Classification and Nursing Outcome Classification 		
			Guidelines for writing care plan		
			§ Implementation		
			☐ Process of Implementing the plan of care		
			 Types of care – Direct and Indirect 		
			§ Evaluation		
			☐ Evaluation Process, Documentation and Reporting		
Ш	5 (T)	Ihi¢′mji} and meet	N©′¶ḿı§¢eòneeds	Lecture	Essay
	5 (SL)	the Nutritional needs of patients	Im portance	Discussion	Short answer
		r	← Factors affecting nutritional needs	Demonstration	Objective type
			Assessment of nutritional status	Exercise	Evaluation of
			Review: special diets – Solid, Liquid, Soft	Supervised Clinical practice	nutritional assessment & diet planning
			Review on therapeutic diets		r8
			Care of patient with Dysphagia,		

Un it	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting		
			Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications		
			o Oral		
			o Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric		
			 Introduction to other enteral feeds – types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy 		
			o Parenteral – TPN (Total Parenteral Nutrition)		
IV	5 (T)	Identify and meet	Hygiene	Lecture	Essay
	15	the hygienic needs of patients	Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice	Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	1	Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care	Demonstration	Objective type
			○ Care of the Skin – (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care)		OSCE
			o Care of pressure points		
			 Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using Braden Scale and Norton Scale 		
			 Pressure ulcers – causes, stages and manifestations, care and prevention 		
			o Perineal care/Meatal care		
			 Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eye glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing aid) 		
V	10 (T)	Identify and meet	Elimination needs	Lecture	Essay
	10	the elimination needs of patient	Urinary Elim ination	Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	needs of patient	 Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine 	Demonstration	Objective type OSCE
			 Factors Influencing Urination 		
			o Alteration in Urinary Elimination		
			 Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations 		
			o Providing urinal/bed pan		
			o Care of patients with		
			☐ Condom drainage		
			☐ Intermittent Catheterization		
			☐ Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary drainage		
			☐ Urinary diversions		
			☐ Bladder irrigation		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eaching/ L earning Activities	Assessment Methods
			■ Bowel Elimination ○ Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of feces ○ Factors affecting Bowel elimination ○ Alteration in Bowel Elimination ○ Facilitating bowel elimination: Assessment, equipment, procedures □ Enemas □ Suppository □ Bowel wash □ Digital Evacuation of impacted feces □ Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel Diversion Procedures)		
VI	3 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain various types of specimens and identify normal values of tests Develop skill in specimen collection, handling and transport	Diagnostic testing Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications O Complete Blood Count Serum Electrolytes	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type
VII	11 (T) 10 (SL)	Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	Oxygenation needs Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology Factors affecting respiratory functioning Alterations in Respiratory Functioning Conditions affecting Airway Movement of air	Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eac hin g/ L earning Activities	Assessment Methods
			O Diffusion Oxygen transport Alterations in oxygenation Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure Maintenance of patent airway Oxygen administration Suctioning – oral, tracheal Chest physiotherapy – Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage Care of Chest drainage – principles & purposes Pulse Oximetry – Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation Restorative & continuing care Hydration Coughing techniques Breathing exercises		
VIII	5 (T) 10 (SL)	Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances Disturbances in fluid volume: Deficit Hypovolemia Dehydration Excess Fluid overload Edema Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper) Acid-base imbalances Metabolic – acidosis & alkalosis Respiratory – acidosis & alkalosis Intravenous therapy	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type Problem solving – calculations

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Peripheral venipuncture sites 		
			 Types of IV fluids 		
			☐ Calculation for making IV fluid plan		
			☐ Complications of IV fluid therapy		
			☐ Measuring fluid intake and output		
			☐ Administering Blood and Blood components		
			☐ Restricting fluid intake		
			☐ Enhancing Fluid intake		
IX	20 (T)	Explain the	Administration of Medications	Lecture	Essay
	22	principles, routes, effects of	Introduction – Definition of	Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	administration of medications	Medication, Administration of Medication, Drug Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of Medications, Purposes, Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics	D	Objective type OSCE
		conversions of	Factors influencing Medication Action		
		drugs and dosages within and between	Medication orders and Prescriptions		
		systems of measurements Administer oral and	S ystems of mea surement		
			Medication dose calculation		
			Principles, 10 rights of Medication Administration		
		topical medication and document	Errors in Medication administration		
		accurately under supervision	Routes of administration		
			Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility		
			Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescriptions and medications orders		
			Developmental considerations		
			Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes: Equipment, procedure		
			Introduction to Parenteral Administration of Drugs — Intramuscular, Intravenous, Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site, Advantages and disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the different routes and sites.		
			Equipment – Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets – parts, types, sizes		
			Types of vials and ampoules, Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules		
			o C are of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles,		

Un it	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eaching/ L earning Activities	Assessment Methods
			infusion sets		
			o Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries		
			Topical Administration: Types, purposes, site, equipment, procedure		
			 Application to skin & mucous membrane 		
			 Direct application of liquids, Gargle and swabbing the throat 		
			 Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina 		
			o Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal		
			 Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal 		
			o Spraying: Nose and throat		
			Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications) – purposes, types, equipment, procedure, recording and reporting of medications administered		
			Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitoneal, intra-pleural, intra-arterial		
X	5 (T)	Provide care to	Sensory needs	Lecture	Essay
	6 (SL)	patients with altered functioning of sense	Introduction	Discussion	Short answer
		organs and unconsciousness in	Components of sensory experience – Reception, Perception & Reaction	Demonstration	Objective type
		supervised clinical practice	Arousa1M echanism		
			Factors affecting sensory function		
			Assessment of Sensory alterations – sensory deficit, deprivation, overload & sensory poverty		
			Management		
			 Promoting meaningful communication (patients with Aphasia, artificial airway & Visual and Hearing impairment) 		
			Care of Unconscious Patients		
			Unconsciousness: Definition, causes & risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of Unconsciousness, Clinical Manifestations		
			Assessment and nursing management of patient with unconsciousness, complications		

Types of Grief responses Manifestations of Grief Factors influencing Loss & Grief Responses Theories of Grief & Loss – Kubler Ross 5 Stages of Dying The R Process model (Rando's) Death – Definition, Meaning, Types (Brain & Circulatory Deaths) Signs of Impending Death Dying patient's Bill of Rights Care of Dying Patient Physiological changes occurring after Death Death Declaration, Certification Autopsy Embalming Last office/Death Care Counseling & supporting grieving relatives Placing body in the Mortuary Releasing body from Mortuary Overview – Medico-legal Cases,	nswer ive type
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Overview – Medico-legal Cases,	
Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation, Euthanasia	
PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-D)	
XII 3 (T) Develop basic A. Self-concept Lecture Essay	
understanding of self-concept Introduction Discussion Short a	nswer
Image, Role Per formance, Self Esteem)	ive type
Case Discussion/ Factors affecting Self Concept Role play	
Nursing Management	
XIII 2 (T) Describe sexual B. Sexuality Lecture Essay	
development and sexuality Sexual development throughout life Discussion Short a	answer
Se xual health Object	tive
Se xual orientation type	ļ
Factors affecting sexuality	!

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eaching/ L earning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse		
			Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior		
XIV	2 (T) 4 (SL)	Describe stress and adaptation	C. Stress and Adaptation – Introductory concepts	Lec ture Discussion	Essay Short answer
	. (32)		Introduction	Discussion	
			Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of Stress		Objective type
			Types of stressors		
			Stress Adaptation – General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS)		
			Manifestation of stress – Physical & psychological		
			Coping strategies/ Mechanisms		
			Stress Management		
			O Assist with coping and adaptation		
			o Creating therapeutic environment		
			Recreational and diversion therapies		
XV	6 (T)	Explain culture and cultural norms	D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality	Lecture	Essay
		cultural norms	Cultural diversity	Discussion	Short answer
		Integrate cultural	Cultural Concepts – Culture,		Objective
		differences and spiritual needs in	Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation		type
		providing care to patients under	o Transcultural Nursing		
		supervision	o Cultural Competence		
			o Providing Culturally Responsive Care		
			Spirituality		
			 Concepts – Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing 		
			o Factors affecting Spirituality		
			 Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience 		
			 Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems 		
XVI	6 (T)	Explain the	Nursing Theories: Introduction	Lecture	Essay
		significance of nursing theories	Meaning & Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories – Nightingale,	Discussion	Short answer Objective type
			Orem, Roy Use of theories in nursing practice		**
			ose of alcorres in naising practice		

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General Medical/Surgical Wards (16 weeks × 20 hours per week = 320 hours)

C linical U nit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Pro ced ural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	C lin ica l Requirem ents	Asses sment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	3	Perform health assessment of each body system	H ealth Assessment Nursing/Health history taking Perform physical examination: O General	History Taking – 2 Physical examination – 2	A sse ssment of clinical skills using checklist
			OBody systems Use various methods of physical examination – Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Identification of system wise deviations Documentation of findings		
	1	Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	The Nursing Process Prepare Nursing care plan for the patient based on the given case scenario	Nursing process – 1	Evaluation of Nursing process with criteria
	2	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients	Nutritional needs, E limination needs Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs Nutritional Assessment Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed Nasogastric tube feeding	• Nutritional Assessment and Clinical Pre sentation – 1	A sse ssment of clinical skills using checklist
		Im plem ent basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients	Hygiene Care of Skin & Hair: Sponge Bath/ Bed bath Care of pressure points & back massage Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/Norton scale Hair wash Pediculosis treatment Oral Hygiene Perineal Hygiene Catheter care	Pressure sore assessment – 1	
	2	Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient	Elimination needs Providing - Urinal - Bedpan Insertion of Suppository	Clinical Pre sentation on Care of patient with Constipation – 1	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
		Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.	 Enema Urinary Catheter care Care of urinary drainage Diagnostic testing 	Lab values – inter-pre tation	

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Asses sment Methods
		Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values	 Specimen Collection Ourine routine and culture Stool routine Sputum Culture Perform simple Lab Tests using reagent strips Urine – Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity 		
	3	Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation	Blood – GRBS Monitoring Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Oxygenation needs Oxygenation meeds Oxygen administration methods Nasal Prongs		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid – base imbalances	 Face Mask/Venturi Mask Steam inhalation Chest Physiotherapy Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises Oral Suctioning Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Maintaining intake output chart Identify & report complications of IV therapy Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy 		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
	3	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of Measurements Administer drugs by the following routes-Oral, Intradermal,	Administration of Medications Calculate Drug Dosages Preparation of lotions & solutions Administer Medications Oral Topical Inhalations Parenteral Intra de rmal		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Asses sment Methods
		Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation	 Instillations Eye, Ear, Nose –instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations 		
	2	Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness	Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale Terminally ill, death and dying	Nursing rounds on care of patient with altered sensorium	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Care for terminally ill and dying patients	Death Care		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist

HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL/LAB: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics-led health care services.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice.
- Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research.
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing efficient healthcare.
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data.
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using Electronic Health Records (EHR) system in clinical practice.
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting.
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion.
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of Nursing Information System (NIS) system in nursing.
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care.
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice.
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care.
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory, P/L – Lab

Unit	T ii (H		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	As s es smen t Method s
	T	P/L				
I	10	15	Describe the importance of computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice	Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician	(T) Short answer Objective type Visit reports Assessment of assignments
			Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system	Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems	(P) Assessment of skills using checklist
П	4	5	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics – needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health	Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report	Essay Short answer Objective type questions Assessment of report
III	3	5	Describe the concepts of information system in health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS)	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system	(T) Essay Short answer Objective type
IV	4	4	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability	Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems.	Lecture Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice	Essay Short answer Objective type (P) Assessment of skills using checklist

Unit		me rs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessmen t M eth od s
	T	P/L				
					Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting	
V	3		Describe the	Patient Safety & Clinical Risk	Lecture	(T)
			advantages and limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	Relationship between patient safety and informatics Function and application of the risk management process	Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type
VI	3	6	Explain the	Clinical Knowledge & Decision	Lecture	(T)
İ			importance of knowledge	Making	Discussion	Essay
			management	Role of knowledge management in improving decision-making	Demonstration	Short answer
				in both the clinical and policy	Practical session	Objective type
			Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC),	Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics.	v
				Omaha system.	Visit he alth informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting	
VII	3		Explain the use of	eHealth: Patients and the	Lecture	Essay
			information and communication	<u>In tern et</u>	Discussion	Short answer
			technology in patient care	Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare	Demonstration	Objective type Practical exam
			Explain the application of public health informatics	Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses		
VIII	3	5	Describe the	Using Information in Healthcare	Lecture	(T)
			functions of nursing information system	Manage ment	Discussion	Essay
				Components of Nursing Information system (NIS)	Demonstration on	Short answer
			Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization	Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of health-care organizations	simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making	Objective type
IX	4		Describe the ethical	Information Law & Governance	Lecture	(T)
			and legal issues in healthcare	in Clinical Practice	Discussion	Essay
			informatics	Ethical-legal issues pertaining to healthcare information in	Case discussion	Short answer
				contemporary clinical practice	Role play	Objective type
			Explains the ethical and legal issues	Ethical-legal issues related to		

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P/L				
			related to nursing informatics	digital health applied to nursing		
X	3		Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare	Healthcare Quality & Evidence Based Practice Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards	Lecture Discussion Case study	(T) Essay Short answer Objective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice.
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement.
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care.
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data.
- Develop skill in conducting literature review.

B. Sc. Nursing Semester - III

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 hours) (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment.
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes.
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms.
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease.
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms.
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization.
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection.

$\label{eq:course} \textbf{COURSE OUTLINE} \\ \textbf{T-Theory, L/E-Lab/Experiential Learning}$

Unit	Tin	ne (H rs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	3	10 (L/E)	Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing Describe structure,	Introduction: Importance and relevance to nursing Historical perspective Concepts and terminology Principles of microbiology General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of	Lecture cum Discussion Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer Objective type Short answer Objective
			e lassification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	M ic robe s	Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual	type
III	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	Pathogenic organisms Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & Vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms	Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visual	Short answer Objective type
IV	3	4 (L/E)	Explain the concepts of	Im mu nity	Lecture	Short answer Objective

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	Т	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	 Immunity: Types, classification Antigen and antibody reaction Hypersensitivity reactions Serological tests Immunoglobulins: Structure, types & properties Vaccines: Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization for various diseases 	Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage Clinical practice	type Visit report
				• Immunization Schedule		

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL/LAB: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES: The students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention.
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions.
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE.
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques.
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment.
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management.
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses' role.
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings.
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards.
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, L/E - Lab/Experiential Learning

	Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
L		T	P	Outcomes		A ct iv i tie s	M ethods
	I	2	2 (E)	Sum marize the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare	HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach - Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) - Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) - Prevention of Ventilator	Lecture & Discussion Experiential learning	Knowledge assessment MCQ Short answer

Unit	Tin	ne (H rs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	ТР		Outcomes		A ct ivitie s	Methods
			setting	Associated events (VAE)		
				- Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI)		
				Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee		
П	3	4 (L)	Demonstrate appropriate use of different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines Effective use of PPE	Lecture Demonstration & Re-demonstration	Performance assessment OSCE
III	1	2 (L)	Demonstrate the	Hand Hygiene	Lecture	Performance
			hand hygiene practice and its	Types of Hand hygiene.	Demonstration &	assessment
			effectiveness on infection control	Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub	R e-demonstration	
				Moments of Hand Hygiene		
				WHO hand hygiene promotion		
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates disinfection and	Disin fection and sterilization	Lecture	Short answer
			sterilization in	Definitions	Discussion	Objective type
			the healthcare setting	Types of disinfection and sterilization	Experiential learning through	
				Environment cleaning	visit	
				Equipment Cleaning		
				Guides on use of disinfectants		
				Spaulding's principle		
V	1		Illustrate on what, when,	Specimen Collection (Review)	Discussion	Knowledge evaluation
			how, why specimens are	Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens		Quiz
			collected to optimize the	Collection techniques and special		Performance
			diagnosis for	considerations		assessment Checklist
			treatment and management.	Appropriate containers		CHECKIIST
				Transportation of the sample		
				Staff precautions in handling specimens		
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste	BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management)	Discussion	Knowledge assessment by
			m anage ment & laundr y	Laundry management process and infection control and prevention	Demonstration Experiential	short answers, objective type
			m an age ment	J. T. T. T. T. T. W. W. P. C. C. M. C. M. C.	learning through	Performance

Unit	Tin	ne (H rs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	A s ses s me nt												
	T	P	Outcomes		A ct ivitie s	Methods												
				Waste management process and infection prevention	visit	assessment												
				Staff precautions														
				Laundry ma na ge men t														
				Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Se gregation of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation														
VII	2			Antib iotic stewardship	Lecture	Short answer												
			about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR	Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship	Discussion	Objective type												
			7 TIVITC	Anti-Microbial Resistance	Written assignment Recent AMR	• Assessment of assignment												
			Describe MRSA/MDRO and its prevention	Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting	(Antimicrobial resistance) guide lines	assignment												
VIII	3	5 (L/E)		Patient Safety Indicators	Lecture	Knowledge												
			safety indicators followed in a	Care of Vulnerable patients	Demonstration	assessment												
			health care organization and	• Prevention of Iatrogenic injury	Experiential	Performance assessment												
			the role of nurse	Care of lines, drains and tubing's	learning	Checklist/ OSCE												
			in the patient safety audit process	Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical														
			p10 00 00	Blood & blood transfusion policy														
				Prevention of IV Complication														
				Prevention of Fall														
				Prevention of DVT														
				Shifting and transporting of patients														
				Surgical sa fety														
				Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration														
				Prevention of communication errors														
				Prevention of HAI														
				Documentation														
				Incidents and adverse Events														
				Capturing of incidents														
			Captures and analyzes	Captures and analyzes	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-		RCA (Root Cause Analysis)		
			incidents and events for	CAPA (Corrective and Preventive														
			quality	Action)		Knowledge assessment												
			improve ment	Report writing	Lecture	Short answer												
<u> </u>																		

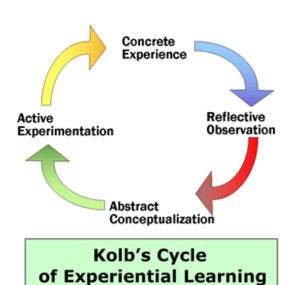
Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		A ct ivitie s	ivi etno as
					Role play Inquiry Based Learning	Objective type
IX	1		Enumerate IP SG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	IPSG (International Patient safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alert medication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system	Lecture Role play	Objective type
X	2	3 (L/E)	Enumerate the various sa fety protoc ols and its applications	Safety protocol 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain) Radiation safety Laser safety Fire safety - Types and classification of fire - Fire alarms - Fire fighting equipment HAZMAT (Hazardous Materials) safety - Types of spill - Spillage management - MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets) Environmental safety - Risk assessment - Aspect impact analysis - Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) - Audits Emergency Codes Role of Nurse in times of disaster	Lecture Demonstration/ Experiential learning	Mock drills Post tests Checklist
XI	2		Explain importance of employee safety	Employee Safety Indicators Vaccination Needle stick injuries (NSI)	Lecture Discussion	Knowledge assessment by short answers,

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment	
	Т	P	Outcomes		A ct ivitie s	Methods	
			Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	prevention Fall prevention Radiation safety Annual health check Health care Worker Immunization Program and manage ment of occupational exposure Occupational health ordinance Vaccination program for healthcare staff Needle stick injuries and prevention and post exposure prophylaxis	Lecture method Journal review	objective type Short answer	

*Experiential Learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge is created through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping and transforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential

learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As per the need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they may require a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors



PHARMACOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER **THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics.
- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration.
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants.
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system.
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system.
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders.
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders.
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach ing/Learning A ctivities	Assessment Methods	
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods	
I	3 (T)	Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, Classification, Nature & Sources of drugs Guide	Lecture cum	• Shortanswer		
			Definitions & Branches	D is cussion	• Objective type	
			Nature & Sources of drugs	 Guided reading and written assignment 	Assessmentof	
		administration of drugs	Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration	on schedule K drugs	as signm ents	
			Terminology used			
			Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures			
	Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance		Pharmacodynamics: Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance			
			Pharmacok inetics: Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion			
			Review: Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization			
			o Factors affecting dose, route etc.			
			Indian Pharm acopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs			
			Rational Use of Drugs			
			Princ iples of Therapeutics			
ΙΙ	1 (T)	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant &	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants	Lecture cum Discussion	Shortanswer Objective type	
		nurse's responsibilities	Antiseptics and Disinfectants	Drug study/	Objective type	
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	presentation		
ΗI	2 (T)	Describe drugs acting	Drugs acting on G.I. system	• Lecture cum	Shortanswer	
		on gastro-intestinal system & nurse's	Pharmacology of comm only used drugs	D is cussion	Objective type	
		responsibilities	o Emetics and Antiemetics	Drug study/ presentation		
			 Laxatives and Purgatives 	presentation		
			A nta cids and antipeptic ulcer drugs			
			 Anti-diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine 			
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse			

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment		
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods		
IV	2 (T)	Describe drugs acting	Drugs acting on respiratory system	Lecture cum	Shortanswer		
		on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	Pharma cology of commonly used	Discussion	Objective type		
			 Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) 	Drug study/ presentation			
			○ Decongestants				
			 Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics 				
			 Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines 				
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse				
V	4 (T)	Describe drugs used on cardio-vascular system & nurse's	Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders	Lecture cum Discussion	Shortanswer Objective type		
		responsibilities	esponsibilities Drug s	Drug study/ presentation			
			Cholinergic and anticholinergic				
			Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators				
			Antianginals				
			Antiarrhythmics				
					Antihypertensives		
			Coagulants & Anticoagulants				
			Antiplatelets & thrombolytics				
			Hypolipidemics				
			Plasma expanders & treatment of shock				
			Drugs used to treat blood disorders				
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse				
VI	2 (T)	_	Drugs used in treatment of endocrine	Lecture cum	Shortanswer		
		in treatment of endocrine system	system disorders	Discussion	Objective type		
		dis or de rs	Insulin & oral hypoglycemics	Drug study/ presentation			
			Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs Steroids				
			O Cortic osteroids				
			O Anabolic steroids				
			Calcitonin, parathormone, vitam in D3,				
			calcium metabolism				
			o Calcium salts				

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
VII	1 (T)		Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system Antihistaminics and antipruritics Topical applications for skin-Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns) Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Shortanswer Objective type
VIII	5 (T)	Explain drug therapy/chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations) General Principles for use of Antimicrobials Pharma cology of commonly used drugs: Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials Anaerobic infections Antitube reular drugs, Antileprosy drugs Antimalarials Antiretroviral drugs Antiviral agents Antihe lminthics, Antiscabies agents Antifungal agents Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxic ity and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Shortanswer Objective type

PATHOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) (includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology.
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders.
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests.
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders.
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities.
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

			T – Theory		
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	C on tent	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Define the common terms used in pathology Identify the deviations from norm al to abnorm al	Introduction Importance of the study of pathology Definition of terms in pathology Cell injury: Etiology, pathogenesis of reversible and irreversible cell injury, Necrosis, Gangrene Cellular adaptations: Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia, Apoptosis	Lecture Discussion Explain using slides Explain with clinical scenarios	Short answer Objective type
		structure and functions of body system	Inflammation: A cute inflammation (Vascular and Cellular events, systemic effects of acute inflammation) C hronic inflammation (Granulomatous inflammation, systemic effects of chronic inflammation) W ound healing Ne oplasia: Nomenclature, Normal and Cancer cell, Benign and malignant tumors, Carcinoma in situ, Tumor metastasis: general mechanism, routes of spread and examples of each route Circulatory disturbances: Thrombosis, embolism, shock Disturbance of body fluids and electrolytes: Edema, Transudates and Exudates		
11	5 (T)	Explain pathological changes in disease conditions of various system s	Special Pathology Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems: 1. Respiratory system Pulmonary infections: Pneumonia, Lung abscess, pulmonary tuberculosis Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease: Chronic bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial Asthma, Bronchiectasis Tumors of Lungs 2. Cardio-vascular system Atherosclerosis Ischemia and Infarction. Rheumatic Heart Disease	Lecture Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT	Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Infective endocarditis		
			3. Gastrointestinal tract		
			Peptic ulcer disease (Gastric and Duodenal ulcer)		
			Gastritis-H Pylori infection		
			Oral mucosa: Oral Leukoplakia, Squamous cell carcinoma		
			Esophageal cancer		
			Gastric cancer		
			Intestinal: Typhoidulcer, Inflammatory Bowel Disease (Crohn's disease and Ulcerative colitis), Colorectal cancer		
			4. Liver, Gall Bladder and Pancreas		
			Liver: Hepatitis, Amoebic Liver abscess, Cirrhosis of Liver		
			Gall bladder: Chole cystitis.		
			Pancreas: Pancreatitis		
			Tumors of liver, Gall bladder and Pancreas		
			5. Skeletal system		
			Bone: Bone healing, Osteoporosis, Osteomyelitis, Tumors		
			Joints: Arthritis - Rheumatoid arthritis and Osteoarthritis		
			6. Endocrine system		
			Diabetes Mellitus		
			Goitre		
			Carcinoma thyroid		
Ш	7 (T)	Describe	Hematological tests for the diagnosis of blood	Lecture	Short answer
		various laboratory tests	disorders	Discussion	Objective type
		in assessment	Blood tests: Hemoglobin, White cell and platelet counts, PCV, ESR	Visit to clinical lab,	
		and monitoring of disease conditions	Coagulation tests: B leeding time (BT), Prothrombin time (PT), Activated Partial Prothrombin Time (APTT)	biochemistry lab and blood bank	
			Blood chemistry		
			Blood bank:		
			○ B lood grouping and cross matching		
			o Blood components		
			o Plasmapheresis		
			o Transfusion reactions		
			Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified		
			separately)		

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module)

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER **THEORY:** 7 Credits (140 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab (SL) – 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical – 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify nursing diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients.
- Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions.
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.

COURSE CONTENT T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound	Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing factors	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit	Short Answer OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II		De velop competency in providing pre and postoperative care Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse De scribe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment De monstrate skill in scrubbing procedures De monstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist De velop skill in assisting with selected surgeries Expla in the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia	Content O Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient O pre-operative O post-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders Intraoper ative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre O Classification O.T Design Ostaffing Omembers of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for common surgical procedures Scrubbing procedures Scrubbing procedures — Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedures Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT		
			Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT Anaesthesia – types, methods of a dministration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects		
Ш	6 (T) 4 (L/S L)	Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances	Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance	Lecture, discussion, demonstration Case discussion	Short answer MCQ Case report
		De velop skills in managing fluid and ele ctrolyte imbalances	Shock Pain		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Perform pain assessment and plans for the nursing management			
IV	18 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory illnesses	Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests Common respiratory problems: Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pleural effusion, Empyema Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Lung abscess Cyst and tumors Chest Injuries Acute respiratory distress syndrome Pulmonary embolism Health behaviours to prevent respiratory illness	Lecture, discussion, Demonstration Practice session Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab	Essay Short answer OSCE
V	16 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of gastrointestinal disorders Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment Prepare patient for upper and lower gastrointestinal investigations Demonstrate skill in gastric decompression, gavage, and stoma care	Nursing Management of patients with disorders of digestive system Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system Nursing assessment —History and physical assessment GI investigations Common GI disorders: Oral cavity: lips, gums and teeth GI: Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & Peritonitis Peptic & duodenal ulcer, Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas Pancreas: inflammation, cysts, and tumors	Lecture, Discussion Demonstration, Role play Problem B ased Learning Visit to stom a clinic	Short answer Quiz OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Demonstrate skill in different feeding techniques	 Liver: inflammation, cysts, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumors Gall bladder: inflammation, Cholelithiasis, tumors Gastric decompression, gavage and stoma care, different feeding techniques 		
			Alternative therapies, drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system		
VI	20 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disorders Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment Prepare patient for invasive and non-invasive cardiac procedures Demonstrate skill in monitoring and interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac disorders Complete BLS/BCLS module	Nursing Management of patients with cardiovascular problems Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Invasive & non-invasive cardiac procedures Disorders of vascular system- Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Coronary artery diseases: coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction Valvular disorders: congenital and acquired Rheumatic heart disease: pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies Cardiac dysrhythmias, heart block Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade Cardiopulmonary arrest	Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education Drug Book/ presentation Completion of BCLS Module	Care plan Drug record BLS/BCLS evaluation
VII	7 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations,	Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood	Field visit to blood bank	Interpretation of blood reports
		diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of he matological disorders Interpret blood reports	Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood Nursing assessment: history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests Anemia, Polycythemia Bleeding Disorders: clotting factor defects and platelets defects,	Counseling	Visit report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Prepare and provides health education on blood donation	a gra nu locy tos is Lymphomas, mye loma s		
VIII	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provides he alth education on diabetic diet Demonstrate skill in	Nursing management of patients with disorders of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system Nursing Assessment —History and Physical assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors) Diabetes mellitus	Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education	Prepare health education on self- administration of insulin Submits a diabetic diet plan
IX	8 (T) 2 (L)	insulin administration Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin care	Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system	Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion	Drug report Preparation of Home care plan
X	16 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders	Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment: History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain,	Lecture/ Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education	Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Demonstrate skill in musc uloskeletal assessment	contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumour		
		Prepare patient for radiological and non-radiological	Orthopedic modalities: Cast, splint, traction, crutch walking		
		investigations of musculoskeletal system	Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis		
		De monstrate skill in	Special therapies, alternative therapies		
		crutch walking and splinting	Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease		
		Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries	Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine		
			Rehabilitation, prosthesis		
		Prepare and provide health education on bone healing	Replacement surgeries		
XI	20 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology,	Nursing man age ment of patients with Communicable diseases	Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion/ seminar Health education	Prepares and submits
		clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical,	Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process		protocol on various isolation techniques
		nutritional, and nursing management of patients with communicable diseases Demonstrate skill in barrier and reverse barrier techniques	Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests		
			Tuberculosis	Drug Book/ presentation	
			Diarrhoe al diseases, hepatitis A- E, Typhoid	Refer TB Control & Management module	
			Herpes, chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza		
		Demonstrate skill in	Meningitis		
		execution of different isolation protocols	Gas gangrene		
			Leprosy Dengue, Plague, Malaria,		
			Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis		
			Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis		
			COVID-19		
			Special infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 hours) - 18 weeks × 27 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital:
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care4.
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
 - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients.
 - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

Clin ical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinic al	Assessment
ar ea/un it		Outcomes	Skills	Re qui rements	Methods
General medical		Develop skill in intravenous injection administration and IV therapy	Intra venous therapy O IV cannulation O IV maintenance and monitoring O Administration of IV medication	Care Study – 1 Health education Clinical presentation/ Care	Clinical evaluation OSCE Care Study

	Care of patient with Central line	note) – 1	evaluation
Assist with diagnostic procedures	Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis		Care Note/ Clinical presentation
Develop skill in the management of patients with Respiratory problems	Management patients with respiratory problems Administration of oxygen through mask, nasal prongs, venturi mask		
Develop skill in managing patients with metabolic	Pulse oximetry Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Postural drainage		
abnormality	Oropharyngeal suctioning Care of patient with chest drainage		
	Diet Planning O High Protein diet O Diabetic diet		
	Insulin administration Monitoring GRBS		

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care/ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding

Clinical area/u nit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General surgical wards	4	Develop skill in caring for patients during pre- and post- operative period Assist with diagnostic procedures	Pre-Operative care Immediate Post-operative care Post-operative exercise Pain assessment Pain Management Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing	Care study – 1 Health teaching	Clinical evaluation, OSCE Care study Care note/ Clinical presentation
		Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro-intestinal Problems	ColonoscopyERCPEndoscopyLiver Biopsy		

Na sogastric aspiration	
Develop skill in Gastrostomy/Je junostomy feeds	
wound management • Ileostomy/Colostomy care	
Surgical dressing	
Suture removal	
Surgical soak	
Sitz bath	
Care of drain	

III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- BLS/BCLS
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/u nit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Cardiology	2	Develop skill in management of patients with cardiac problems Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Blood	Cardiac monitoring Recording and interpreting ECG Arterial blood gas analysis — interpretation Administer cardiac drugs Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization CPR Collection of blood sample for: Blood grouping/cross matching Blood sugar Serum electrolytes Assisting with blood transfusion Assisting for bone marrow aspiration Application of anti-embolism stockings (TED hose) Application/maintenance of sequential Compression device	• Cardiac assessment – 1 Drug presentation – 1	Clinical evaluation Drug presentation

IV. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators Application of topical medication

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Le ar nin g	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
ar ea/un it	(Weeks)	O utcomes	Clinical Skills	Requir ements	Methods
Dermatology wards	1	Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of integumentary system	Intradermal injection-Skin allergy testing Application of topical medication Medicated bath		Clinical evaluation

V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

B. Clinical Postings

	Duration (Weeks)		Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Isolation ward	1	Develop skill in the management of patients requiring isolation	Barrier Nursing Reverse barrier nursing Standard precautions (Universal precaution), use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices)	Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation Care note

VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

Clin ical ar ea/un it	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinic al Re qui rements	Assess ment Methods
Orthopedic wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with musculoskeletal problems	Preparation of patient with Myelogram/CT/MR I Assisting with application & removal of POP/Cast	Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation, Care note
			Preparation, assisting and after care of patient with Skin		

	traction/skeletal traction	
	Care of orthotics	
	Muscle strengthening exercises	
	Crutch walking	
	Rehabilitation	

VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Operation theatre	4	Develop skill in caring for intraoperative patients	Position and draping Preparation of operation table Set up of trolley with instrument Assisting in major and minor operation Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Intra operative monitoring	Assist as circulatory nurse – 4 Positioning & draping – 5 Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries – 4 Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries – 4	Clinical evaluation OSCE

B. Sc. Nursing Semester - IV

PHARMACOLOGY - II

including Fundamentals of Prescribing Module

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications. Further it develops understanding of fundamental principles of prescribing in students.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders.
- 2. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders.
- 3. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders.
- 4. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period.
- 5. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders.
- 6. Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology.
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine.
- 8. Demonstrate understanding about the fundamental principles of prescribing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
1	4 (T)	Describe drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat and eye and nurses' responsibilities	Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye Antihistamines Topical applications for eye (Chloram phenicol, Gentam ycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerin, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash Com position, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer O bjective type
11	4 (T)	Describe drugs acting on urinary system & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on urinary system Pharm acology of commonly used drugs Renin angiotensin system Diuretics and antidiuretics Drugs toxic to kidney Urinary antiseptics Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum D iscussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer O bjective type
111	10 (T)	Describe drugs used on nervous system & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharm acology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics: Non-steroidal anti- inflammatory (NSAID) drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Antipsychotics Mood stabilizers	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer O bjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IV	5 (T)		Antidepressants Antianxiety Drugs Anticonvulsants Drugs for neurodege nerative disorders & miscellaneous drugs Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception	• Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer
		& supplementation, contraception & medical termination of pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities	Estrogens and progesterones Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy Vaginal contraceptives • Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy Otterine stimulants and relaxants Composition, actions dosage route indications contraindications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Drug study/ presentation	Objective type
V	3 (T)	Develop understanding about important drugs used for women before, during and after labour	Drugs used for pregnant women during antenatal, labour and postnatal period Tetanus prophylaxis Iron and Vit K1 supplementation Oxytocin, Misoprostol Ergometrine Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha Magnesium sulphate Calcium gluconate	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer Objective type
VI	10 (T)	Describe drugs used in de addiction, emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementation, drugs used for immunization & immune-suppression & nurse's responsibilities	Miscellaneous Drugs used for deaddiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency- adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine, hydrocortisone, Dexame thasone IV fluids & electrolytes replacement Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning O Activated charcoal	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Tietrvities	Witchious
			O Ipecac O Antidotes, O Anti-snake venom (ASV) Vitamins and minerals supplementation Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules) Anticancer drugs: Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used		
			Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants		
VII	4 (T)		Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc. Drugs used for common ailments	Lecture cum Discussion Observational visit	Short answer Objective type
VIII	20 (T)	Demonstrate understanding about fundamental principles of prescribing	Fundamental principles of prescribing Prescriptive role of nurse practitioners: Introduction Legal and ethical issues related to prescribing Principles of prescribing Steps of prescribing Prescribing competencies	Completion of module on Fundamental principles of prescribing	Short answer Assignments e valuation

PATHOLOGY - II AND GENETICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) (Includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	T – Theory Content	Teaching/Learning	A ssessment	
0 1111	(Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	A ctivities	Methods	
	5 (T)	Explain pathological	Special Pathology:	Lecture	0.1	
'	3 (1)	changes in disease	Pathological changes in disease		Short answer	
		conditions of various system s	conditions of selected systems	D is cussion Explain using	Objective type	
			1. Kidneys and Urinary tract	slides, X -rays and		
			G lo m e rul o n ep hr it i s	scans		
			P y elon ep h ritis	V is it to path ology lab, endoscopy unit		
			Renal calculi	and OT		
			C y stitis			
			Renal Cell Carcinom a			
			Renal Failure (A cute and C hronic)			
			2. Male genital systems			
			Cryptorchidism			
			T esticu la r atrophy			
			Prostatic hyperplasia			
			Carcinoma penis and Prostate.			
			3. Female genital system			
			Carcinoma cervix			
			Carcinoma of endom etrium			
			U terin e fibro i ds			
			V esicular mole and C horiocarcinom a			
			O varian cyst and tum ors			
			4. Breast			
			Fibrocystic changes			
			Fibroadenom a			
			Carcinoma of the Breast			
			5. Central nervous system			
			Meningitis.			
			E nc ep ha litis			
			Stroke			
			Tum ors of CNS			
H	5 (T)	Describe the	Clinical Pathology	Lecture	S h ort an s w er	
		laboratory tests for examination of body		Exam ination of body cavity fluids:	D is cussion	Objective type
	cavity fluids, urine and faeces	cavity fluids, urine	 Methods of collection and exam ination of CSF and other body cavity fluids (sputum, wound discharge) specimen for various clinical pathology, biochem istry and microbiology tests 	V isit to clinical lab and biochem istry lab		
			m icrobiology tests			

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Analysis of semen: Sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in infertility Urine: Physical characteristics, Analysis, Culture and Sensitivity Faeces: Characteristics Stool examination: Occult blood, Ova, Parasite and Cyst, Reducing substance etc. Methods and collection of urine and faeces for various tests 		

GENETICS COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Explain nature,	Introduction:	Lecture	Short answer
	principles and perspectives of he redity	Practical application of genetics in nursing Impact of genetic condition on families	Discussion Explain using slides	Objective type	
			Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis		
			Characteristics and structure of genes		
			Chromosomes: sex determination		
			Chromosomal aberrations		
			Patterns of inheritance		
			Mendelian theory of inheritance		
			Multiple allots and blood groups		
			Sex linked inheritance		
			Mechanism of inheritance		
			Errors in transmission (mutation)		
II	2 (T)	Explain maternal,	Maternal, prenatal and genetic	Lecture	Short answer
		prenatal and genetic influences on	influences on development of defects and diseases	Discussion	Objective type
		de velopment of de fects and diseases	Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections	Explain using slides	
			Consanguinity atopy		
			Prenatal nutrition and food allergies		
			Maternal age		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methous
			Maternal drug therapy		
			 Prenatal testing and diagnosis 		
			Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals		
			Infertility		
			Spontaneous a bortion		
			Neural Tube Defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks		
			Down syndrome (Trisomy 21)		
III	2 (T)	Explain the screening methods for genetic	Genetic testing in the neonates and children	Lecture Discussion	Short answer Objective type
		de fects and diseases in ne onates and children	Screening for	Explain using slides	Objective type
			o Congenital abnormalities	Exprain using sinces	
			o Developmental delay		
			o Dysmorphism		
IV	2 (T)	Identify genetic disorders in	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults	Lecture Discussion	Short answer Objective type
		adolescents and adults	Cancer genetics: Familial cancer	Explain using slides	Objective type
			Inborn errors of metabolism	Exprain using sinces	
			Blood group alleles and hematological disorder		
			Genetic haem ochromatosis		
			Huntington's disease		
			Mental illness		
V	2 (T)	Describe the role of	Services related to genetics	Lecture	Short answer
		nurse in genetic services and	Genetic testing	Discussion	Objective type
		counselling	Gene therapy		
			Genetic counseling		
			Legal and Ethical issues		
			Role of nurse		

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY including Geriatric Nursing AND PALLIATIVE CARE MODULE

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER **THEORY**: 7 Credits (140 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab (SL): 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical and Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of selected common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with selected medical surgical conditions.
- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	12 (T) 4 (SL)	dia gnostic measures and medical, surgical,	Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat (Includes etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management) Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests Ear • External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies and tumors • Middle ear: impacted wax, tympanic, membrane perforation, otitis media, and tumors • Inner ear: Meniere's disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity tumors Upper respiratory airway infections: Rhinitis, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis Epistaxis, Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction Deafness and its management	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinic	MCQ Short answer Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II	(Hrs) 12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye Describe eye donation, banking and transplantation	Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders Refractive errors Eyelids: infection, deformities Conjunctiva: inflammation and infection bleeding Cornea: inflammation and infection Lens: cataract Glaucoma Retinal detachment Blindness Eye donation, banking and transplantation	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids, lens, medication administration Visit to eye bank	MCQ Short Essay OSCE Drug book
ш	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of Kidney and urinary system disorders Demonstrate skill in genitourinary assessment Prepare patient for genitourinary investigations Prepare and provide health education on prevention of renal calculi	Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infections: acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra Disorders of prostate: inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy	Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education Drug book Field visit – Visits hemodialysis unit	MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi
IV	6 (T)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders	Nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic tests Infections of testis, penis and adjacent structures: Phimosis, Epididymitis, and	Lecture, Discussion Case Discussion Health education	Short essay

Unit	T im e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach ing/ Le ar nin g Activities	Assessment Methods
V	10 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	Orchitis Sexual dysfunction, infertility, contraception Male Breast Disorders: gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes Nursing manage ment of patient with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss Burns Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment Legal and ethical aspects Special therapies: LAD, vacuum ed dressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation, use of derma filters	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations Visit to burn rehabilitation centers	OSCE Short notes
VI	16 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of physiotherapy, neuro assessment, tracheostomy care Visit to rehabilitation center, long term care clinics, EEG, NCV study unit,	OSCE Short notes Essay Drug book

Unit	T im e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Rehabilitation of patient with neurological deficit		
VII	12 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation Describe the national infection control programs	Nursing management of patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission and management of HIV/AIDS Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration and rehabilitation National AIDS Control Program — NACO, various national and international agencies for infection control	Lecture, discussion Case Discussion/ seminar Refer M odule on HIV/AIDS	
VIII	12 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic me asures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments	Nursing manage ment of patient with On cological conditions Structure and characteristics of normal and cancer cells History, physically assessment, diagnostic tests Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition Common malignancies of various body system eye, ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord. Oncological emergencies Modalities of treatment: Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy: Radiation sa fety, A ER B regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy Psychological aspects of cancer: anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of chemotherapy preparation and administration Visit to BMT, radiotherapy units (linear accelerator, brachytherapy, etc.), nuclear medicine unit	OSCE Essay Quiz Drug book Counseling, health te aching
			Supportive care Hospice care	Completion of palliative care	

Unit	T im e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
				module during clinical hours (20 hours)	
IX	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the types, policies, guide lines, prevention and management of disaster and the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with a cute em ergencies	Nursing management of patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies Types of disaster: Natural and manmade Disaster preparedness: Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies — Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Therm al emergencies Principles of emergency management Medico legal a spects	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care Refer Trauma care management/ATCN module Guided reading on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) guidelines	OSCE Case presentations and case study
X	10 (T)	Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	Nursing care of the elderly History and physical assessment Aging process and age-related body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and nonformal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programs for elderly, privileges, community programs and health services Home and institutional care	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired Field visit to old age homes	OSCE Case presentations Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population
XI	15 (T) 8 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units	Nursing management of patients in critical Care units Principles of critical care nursing Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment and supplies	Lecture and discussion Demonstration on the use of mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors etc. Clinical practice in	Objective type Short notes Case presentations Assessment of skill on monitoring of

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Use and application of critical care biomedical equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment and any other Advanced Cardiac Life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care Ethical and Legal Aspects Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families: Communication with patient and family End of life care	different ICUs	patients in ICU. Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care
XII	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/industrial health disorders	Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests Occupational diseases and management	Lecture and discussion Industrial visit	Assignment on industrial health hazards

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours) – 20 weeks × 24 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult/geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency/disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
- a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
- b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment.
- c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
- d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
- e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
- f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle.
- g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
- h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.
- I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Le ar nin g	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(weeks)	Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
ENT Ward and OPD	2	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures • Auditory screening tests • Audiometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/ posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication	ENT assessment -1 Case study/ Clinical presentation – 1	Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study/ Clinical presentation

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/	Clinic al	Assessment
ar ea/un it		Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Ophthalmology unit		Develop skill in providing care to patients with Eye disorders Educate the patients and	History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation Assisting procedures Visual acuity Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry, Refraction tests	Eye assessment – 1 Health teaching Case study/ Clinical Presentation– 1	Clinical evaluation OSCE Clinical presentation

	th	heir families	• Pre and post-operative care		
			• Instillation of drops/ medication		
			Eye irrigation		
			Application of eye bandage		
			Assisting with foreign body removal		

III. Nursing Management of Patients with Kidney and Urinary System Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

Assessment: kidney & urinary system

Preparation: dialysis Catheterization and care

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Le ar nin g	Procedural Competencies/	Clinic al	Assessment
area/unit		O utcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Renal ward/ ne phrology ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	Assessment of kidney and urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies: IVP etc. Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests: Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/Prostate Biopsy etc. Catheterization: care Bladder irrigation I/O recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise	Assessment – 1 Drug presentation – 1 Care study/ Clinical presentation – 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis	Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentation

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

Clin ical ar ea/un it	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Burns unit/ reconstructive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post-operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery Rehabilitation	burn wound assessment – 1 care study/case presentation – 1	Clinical evaluation, Care study/case report

V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
ar ea/un it	(weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Neurology- medical/ Surgery wards		Develop skill in Management of patients with Neurological problems	History taking; Neurological Examination Patient monitoring Prepare and assist for various invasive and non-invasive diagnostic procedures Range of motion exercises, muscle strengthening Care of medical, surgical and rehabilitative patients	euro- assessment -1 Case study/ case presentation - 1 Drug presentation - 1	Clinical evaluation Neuro assessment OSCE Case report/ presentations

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

A. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requir ements	Methods
Isolation ward/ Me dical ward	1	Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunological disorders	History taking Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests Caring of patients with low immunity Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/barrier nursing/reverse barrier/isolation skills	Assessment of immune status Teaching of isolation to patient and family care givers Nutritional management Care Note – 1	Care note Quiz Health Teaching

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Oncology wards (including day care radiotherapy unit)	3	Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders	History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers: TNM classification Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures - Biopsies/FNAC - Pap smear - Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment - Chemotherapy - Radiotherapy - Pain management - Stoma therapy - Hormonal therapy - Immuno therapy - Gene therapy - Alternative therapy Stoma care and fee ding Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine Rehabilitation	Assessment – 1 Care study/ clinical presentation – 1 Pre and post- operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment Teaching on BSE to family members Visit to palliative care unit	Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

VI. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment: primary and secondary survey
- Trauma care: bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

B. Clinical Postings

Clin ical ar ea/un it	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Emergency room/ Emergency unit	2	Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	Practicing =triage' Primary and secondary survey in emergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement	Triage Immediate care Use of emergency trolley	Clinical evaluation Quiz

IX. Nursing Management of geriatric patients

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Geriatric ward	Develops skill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	History taking and assessment of Geriatric patient	Geriatric assessment – 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment – 1 Functional status assessment – 1	Clinical evaluation Care plan

X. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation

- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

Clinic al area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Require ments	Assessment Methods
Critical Care Unit	2	Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pac emaker ICU care bundle Management of the dying patient in the ICU	Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients	Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI Ca se Presentation

PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER **THEORY**: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe profession and professionalism.
- 2. Identify the challenges of professionalism.
- 3. Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society.
- 4. Demonstrate professional conduct.
- 5. Describe various regulatory bodies and professional organizations related to nursing.
- 6. Discuss the importance of professional values in patient care.
- 7. Explain the professional values and demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice.
- 8. Demonstrate and reflect on the role and responsibilities in providing compassionate care in the healthcare setting.
- 9. Demonstrate respect, human dignity and privacy and confidentiality to self, patients and their caregivers and other health team members.
- 10. Advocate for patients' wellbeing, professional growth and advancing the profession.
- 11. Identify ethical and bioethical concerns, issues and dilemmas in nursing and healthcare.
- 12. Apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in ethical decision making along with health team members.
- 13. Protect and respect patient's rights.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	Discuss nursing as a	PROFESSIONALISM	Lecture cum	Short answer
		profession	Profession	Discussion	Essay
			De finition of profession		Objective type
			• Criteria of a profession		
		Describe the concepts and attributes of professionalism	Nursing as a profession		
			Professionalism		
			Definition and characteristics of professionalism		
			Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism		
			Challenges of professionalism		
		Identify the challenges of professionalism Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society	 Personal identity vs professional identity 		
			 Preservation of self-integrity: threat to integrity, Deceiving patient: withholding information and falsifying records 	Debate	
			 Communication & Relationship with team members: Respectful and open communication and relationship pertaining to relevant interests for ethical decision making 	Role play	
			o Relationship with patients and society		
		Demonstrate professional conduct	Professional Conduct		
			Following ethical principles		
		R espect and maintain professional	Adhering to policies, rules and regulation of the institutions		
		boundaries between	Professional etiquettes and behaviours	Case based discussion	
		patients, colleagues and society	Professional grooming: Uniform, Dress code		
		Describe the roles and	Professional boundaries: Professional relationship with the patients, caregivers and team members		
		responsibilities of regulatory bodies and	Regulatory Bodies & Professional Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities		
		professional organizations	Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing Council, State Nursing Council	Lecture cum Discussion	
			Professional Organizations: Trained Nurses Association of India (TNAI), Student Nurses Association (SNA), Nurses League of Christian Medical Association of India, International Council of Nurses (ICN) and International Confederation of Midwives	Visit to INC, SNC, TNAI	Visit reports

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
***	(Hrs)	Dia ou sa th o	PROFESSIONAL VALUES		
II	5 (T)	Discuss the importance of professional values	Values: Definition and characteristics of values	 Lecture cum Discussion Value clarification 	Short answer Essay Assessment of
		Distinguish between personal values and professional values Demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice	 Value clarification Personal and professional values Professional socialization: Integration of professional values with personal values Professional values in nursing Importance of professional values in nursing and health care Caring: definition, and process Compassion: Sympathy Vs empathy, Altruism Conscientiousness Dedication/devotion to work Respect for the person- Human dignity Privacy and confidentiality: Incidental disclosure Honesty and integrity: Truth telling Trust and credibility: Fidelity, Loyalty Advocacy: Advocacy for patients, work environment, nursing education and practice, and for advancing the 	exercise Interactive learning Story telling Sharing experiences Scenario based discussion	Assessment of student's behavior with patients and families
III	10 (T)	Define ethics & bioethics Explain ethical principles Identify ethical concerns	profession ETHICS & BIOETHICS Definitions: Ethics, Bioethics and Ethical Principles Beneficence Non-male ficence: Patient safety, protecting patient from harm, Reporting errors Justice: Treating each person as equal Care without discrimination, equitable access to care and safety of the public Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination, Freedom of choice Ethical issues and ethical dilemma: Common ethical problems Conflict of interest Paternalism	Lecture cum discussion Group discussion with examples Flipping/ self- directed learning Role play Story telling Sharing experiences Case based Clinical discussion Role modeling Group exercise on ethical decision- making following steps on a given scenario Assignment	Short answer Essay Quiz Reflective diary Case report Attitude test Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Valid consent and refusal		
			• Allocation of scarce nursing resources		
			Conflicts concerning new technologies		
			Whistle-blowing		
			Beginning of life issues		
			o Abortion		
			o Substance abuse		
			o Fetal therapy		
			o Selective deduction		
			 Intrauterine treatment of fetal conditions 		
			M andated contraception		
			o Fetal injury		
			o Infertility treatment		
			End of life issues		
			o End of life		
			o Euthanasia		
			o Do Not R esuscitate (DNR)		
			Issues related to psychiatric care		
			o Non compliance		
			o Restrain and seclusion		
			o Refuse to take food		
		Explain process of			
		ethical decision			
		making and apply knowledge of ethics			
		and bioethics in making ethical			
		dec is ions			
		Explain code of ethics			
		stipulated by ICN and INC			

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Asses sment Met hods
		Discuss the rights of	Process of ethical decision making		
		the patients and families to make decisions about health care	Assess the situation (collect information)		
			Identify the ethical problem		
			Identify the alternative decisions		
		Protect and respect patients' rights	Choose the solution to the ethical decision		
		patients rights	Implement the decision		
			Evaluate the decision		
			Et hics committee: Roles and responsibilities		
			Clinical decision making		
			Research		
			Code of Ethics		
			International Council of Nurses (ICN)		
			Indian Nursing Council		
			Patients' Bill of Rights-17 patients' rights (MoH&FW, GoI)		
			1. Right to emergency medical care		
			Right to safety and quality care according to standards		
			3. Right to preserve dignity		
			4. Right to nondiscrimination		
			5. Right to privacy and confidentiality		
			6. Right to information		
			7. Right to records and reports		
			8. Right to informed consent		
			9. Right to second opinion		
			10. Right to patient education		
			11. Right to choose alternative treatment options if available		
			12. Right to choose source for obtaining medicines or tests		
			13. Right to proper referral and transfer, which is free from per verse commercial influences		
			14. Right to take discharge of patient or receive body of deceased from hospital		
			15. Right to information on the rates to be charged by the hospital for each type of service provided and facilities available on a prominent display board and a brochure		
			16. Right to protection for patients involved in clinical trials, biomedical and health research		
			17. Right to be heard and seek redressal		

B. Sc. Nursing Semester - V

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child-care.
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy 2017.
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents.
- 4. Participate in national immunization programs/Universal Immunization Program (UIP).
- 5. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance.
- 6. Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures.
- 7. Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risk newborn including neonatal resuscitation.
- 8. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI).
- 9. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with respiratory system disorders.
- 10. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10 (T) 10 (L)	Explain the modern concept of child-care Describe National policy, programs and legislation in relation to child health & welfare	Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care Historical development of child health Philosophy and modern concept of child-care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare National programs and a gencies related to welfare services to the children Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health Preventive pediatrics:	Lecture Discussion De monstration of common pediatric procedures	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		Describe role of preventive pediatrics	ConceptImmunizationImmunization programs and cold		

	(Hrs)		chain. • Care of under-five and Under-five	Activities	M eth od s	
			o Care of under-five and Under-five			
			Clinics/Well-baby clinics			
			 Preventive measures towards accidents 			
			Child morbidity and mortality rates			
		List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood	Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness			
		carry & rate chinamood	o Physiological			
		Differentiate between	o Psychological			
		an adult and child in	⊙ Social			
		terms of illness and response	○ Immunological			
			Hospitalenvironment for sick child			
		Describe the major functions & role of the	 Impact of hospitalization on the child and family 			
		pediatric nurse in caring for a	Communication techniques for children			
		hospitalized child.	Grief and bereavement			
		Describe the principles	The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child			
		of child health nursing and perform child health nursing	 Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. 			
		procedures	Child Health Nursing procedures:			
			Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V			
			Calculation of fluid requirement			
			Application of restraints			
			• Assessment of pain in children.			
			o FACES pain rating scale			
			o FLACC scale			
			o Numerical scale			
II 1) (T)	Describe the normal	The Heelthy Cl. 21	Laster Di	Shortanswer	
'1 1	12 (1)	growth and	The Healthy Child	Lecture Discussion		
		development of children at different	Definition and principles of growth and development	Demonstration Developmental	Objective type Assessment of	
		Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance	Factors affecting growth and development	study of infant and children	field visits and developmental study reports	
			children at different to a dolesce	Growth and development from birth to adolescence	Observation study of normal & sick	smay reports
			Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg)	child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic		
		Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways	The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance	Videos on breast feeding		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	15 (T)	of meeting needs Identify the role of play for normal & sick children	Nutritional needs of children and infants breast feeding exclusive breast feeding Supplementary/artificial feeding and weaning Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and selection of play material Nursing care of neonate:	Clinical practice/field Modular based	OSCE
	20 (L)	and high- risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Rec ognize and manage common neonatal problems	Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of low birth weight baby Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorder - Hyperbilirubinemia - Hyperthermia - Hyperthermia - Metabolic disorder - Neonatal infections - Neonatal seizures - Respiratory distress syndrome - Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit Neonatal equipment	teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self-evaluation exercises) Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice Lecture Discussion	Short answer Objective type
IV	10 (T) 5 (L)	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI	Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching: IMNCI module Clinical practice/field	OSCE
V	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, and endocrine system	Nursing management in common childhood diseases Respiratory system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session C linical practice	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

Unit	Time (Hrs)	9	Content	T eaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(III3)		Others: Acute naso-pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo-thyroidism		
VI	5 (T) 5 (L)	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	Child hood emergencies Accidents – causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning PLS (AHA Guidelines)	Lecture Discussion Demonstration PLS Module/ Workshop	OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I & II CLINICAL (3 Credits – 240 hours)

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTER

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: V SEMESTER – 2 Credits (160 hours)

VI SEMESTER – 1 Credit (80 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric.
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders.
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation.
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS.
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children.
- 6. Give health education/nutritional education to parents.
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs.

Skill Lab

Use of Manikins and Simulators PLS, CPAP, Endotracheal Suction

Pediatric Nursing Procedures:

- Administration of medication Oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS 8 weeks × 30 hours per week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

Clin ical ar ea/un it	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinic al Re qui rements	Assessment Methods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week	Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders	Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V medicine/fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Application of restraints Administration of O ₂ inhalation by different methods Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures Teaching mothers/ parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy	Nursing care plan - 1 Case study presentation - 1 Health talk - 1	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health e ducation session Completion of activity record
Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week	Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post-operative care to children with common pa ediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents	Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy	Nursing care plan – 1 Case study/ presentation – 1	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record

Clinical ar ea/un it	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Out comes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinic al Re qui rements	Assessment Methods
Pediatric OPD/	V Sem –	Perform	 Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal Assessment of children	Growth and	Assess
Immunization room	1 week	assessment of children: health, de velopmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education	 Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health/Nutritional education 	de velopmental study: Infant – 1 Toddler – 1 Preschooler – 1 Schooler – 1 Adolescent – 1	performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem – 1 week	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	Care of a baby in incubator/warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Recording & reporting Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (PLS)	Newborn assessment – 1 Nursing Care Plan – 1	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER **THEORY**: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope.
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders.
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing.
- 4. Apply the Indian Nursing Council practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings.
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment.
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship.
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders.
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders.
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/ therapies used.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Lear nin g	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour	Lecture cum Discussion	Essay Short answer
11	10 (T)	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynamics of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopathology of mental disorders Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD11, DSM5, Geropsychiatry manual classification Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho-social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neurotransmission Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (INC practice standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: • Existential model	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality development	Essay Short answer

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Learnin g	Assessment Methods
III	(Hrs) 6 (T)	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	O Psychoanalytical models O Behavioural model O Interpersonal model Preventive psychiatry and rehabilitation Mental Health Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI	Activities Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice	
IV	6 (T)	Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions	Psychological tests Therapeutic Communication and Nurse-Patient Relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari window Therapeutic impasse and its management	Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Role Play Process recording Simulation (video)	Essay Short answer OSCE
V		Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, Meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations	Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Group work Practice session Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Objective type
VI	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with S chiz ophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations	Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Lear nin g	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	
			Nursing process		
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment		
			Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders		
			Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations		
			Follow up and home care and rehabilitation		
VII	6 (T)	psycho-dynamics,	Nursing management of patient with mood disorders	Lecture and Discussion	Essay Short answer
		clinical manifestations.	Prevalence and incidence	Case discussion	Assessment of
		diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood	Mood disorders: Bipolar a ffective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc.	Case presentation Clinical practice	patient management problems
		disorders	Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis		
			Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment		
			Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders		
			Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations		
			Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
VIII	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics, clinical	Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders	Lecture and Discussion Case discussion	Essay Short answer
		manifestations, diagnostic criteria	Prevalence and incidence		Assessment of
		and management of	c la ssific ations	Case presentation	patient management
		patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization	Anxiety disorders – OCD, PTSD, Somatoform disorders, Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorders	Clinical practice	problems
		disorders	Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/ formulations		
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment		
			Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders		
			Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations		
			Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I & II

PLACEMENT: SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I – 1 Credit (80 hours)
MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II – 2 Credits (160 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psycho education
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in deaddiction centre.

CLINICAL POSTINGS

(8 weeks \times 30 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Proced ural Competencies	Clinic al Requirements	Assessments Methods
Psychiatric OP D	2	Assess patients with mental he alth problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families	Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psychoeducation Mental hygiene practice education Family psycho-education	History taking and Mental status examination – 2 Health education – 1 Observation report of OPD	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of health e ducation Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record
Child Guidance clinic	1	Assess children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others	History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency	Case work – 1 Observation report of different therapies – 1	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient ward	4	Assess patients with mental he alth problems Provide nursing care for patients with various	History taking Mental status examination (MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometric	Give care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders Case study – 1	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Procedural Competencies	Clinic al Requirements	Assessments Methods
		mental health problems Assist in various therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others	assessment Recording therapeutic communication Administration of medications Assist Electro-Convulsive Therapy (ECT) Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities of Daily Living (ADL) Conducting admission and discharge counselling Counseling and teaching patients and families	Care plan Clinical presentation – 1 Process recording – 2 Maintain drug book	Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completion of activity record
Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	Identify patients with various mental disorders Motivate patients for early treatment and follow up Assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre	Conduct home visit and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community Observing deaddiction care	Case work – 1 Observation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre	Assess per formance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) includes Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environmental science. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum. It helps students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- 4. Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- 5. Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science, environmental health and sanitation
- 8. Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counseling
- 9. Provide health education to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings
- 10. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 11. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- 12. Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- 13. Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- 14. Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- 15. Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and non-communicable diseases
- 16. Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- 17. Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non-communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- 18. Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ni ng	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Meth od s
I	4 (T)	community health and community health nursing Explain the evolution of public health in India and scope of	Concepts of Community Health and Community Health Nursing Definition of public health, community health and community health nursing Public health in India and	Lecture Discussion Explain using chart, graphs Community needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health	Short answer Essay Objective type Survey report
		community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health	its evolution and Scope of community health nursing Review: Concepts of Health & Illness/ disease: Definition, dimensions and determinants of health and disease Natural history of disease Levels of prevention: Primary, Secondary &	determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples	

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teach in g/Le ar ni ng Activities	Assessment Methods
		problems of India	tertiary prevention – R eview		
			Health problems (Profile) of India		
II	8 (T)	Describe health planning and its steps, and various health	Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels	Lecture Discussion	Short answer Essay
		plans, and committees	Health planning steps	Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC)	Evaluation of Field visit
			Health planning in India: various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans	ricultii Welliness Centers (ITWC)	reports & presentation
		Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels	Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning		
			Health care delivery system in India: Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub-centre (SC), PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level	Directed reading	
		Describe S DGs, primary health care and c omprehensive primary health care (CPHC)	Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC): elements, principles	Directed leading	
			CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC)		
			Role of MLHP/CHP		
		Explain health care policies and	National Health Care Policies and Regulations		
		regulations in India	o National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017)		
			 National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM 		
			National Health Protection Mission (NHPM)		
			Ayushman BharatUniversal Health Coverage		
Ш	15 (T)	Identify the role of an individual in the	Environmental Science, Environmental Health, and	Lecture	Short answer

	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning Activities	Assessment Methods
- 		conservation of natural	Sanitation	Discussion	Essay
	Time (Hrs)	Conservation of natural resources Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions Explain the classification, value and threats to biodiversity Enumerate the causes, effects and control measures of environmental pollution Discuss about climate change, global			
		change, global warming, acid rain, and ozone layer depletion Enumerate the role of an individual in	on health Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics Acts related to		
		creating awareness about the social issues related to environment	environmental protection and preservation Environmental Health &		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning	As se ss m ent Meth od s
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
		List the Acts related to environmental protection and preservation Describe the concept of environmental health and sanitation	Concept of environment health and sanitation Concept of safe water, sources of water, waterborne diseases, water purification processes, house hold purification of water Physical and chemical standards of drinking water quality and tests for assessing bacteriological quality of water	Observe rain water harvesting plants	
		Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management Explain waste management	Concepts of water conservation: rain water harvesting and water shed management Concept of Pollution prevention Air & noise pollution Role of nurse in prevention of pollution Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management Commonly used insecticides and pesticides	Visit to sewage disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal sites	
IV	7 (T)	Provide nutrition Provide nutrition Provide nutrition Counseling and	Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education Review of Nutrition Concepts, types Meal planning: aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods Planning suitable diet for individuals and families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status General nutritional advice Nutrition education: purpose, principles & methods and	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for different age groups	Performance assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups Evaluation on nutritional assessment reports Short answer Essay
		counseling and education to all age groups and describe	methods and R ehabilitation	Discussion	Essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning Activities	As se ss ment Meth od s
		the national nutrition programs and	• Review: Nutritional deficiency disorders		
		Identify early the food	National nutritional policy & programs in India		
		borne dise ases, and perform initial	Food Borne Diseases and Food Safety		
		manage ment and re ferral appropriate ly	Food borne diseases		
			Definition, & burden, Causes and classification		
			Signs & Symptoms		
			Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins		
			Early identification, initial management and referral		
			Food poisoning & food intoxication		
			Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning	Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouse	Field visit reports
			Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures	Refer Nutrition module-BPCCHN Block 2-unit I & UNIT 5	
			Public health response to food borne diseases		
V	6 (T)	Describe behaviour change	Communication management and Health	Lecture Discussion	Short answer Essay
		communication skills	Education Behaviour change	Role play	23349
			communication skills	Demonstration: BCC skills	
			o communication	Supervised field practice	
			 Human behaviour 	Refer: BCC/SBCC module	
			 Health belief model: concepts & definition, ways to influence behaviour 	(MoHFW & USAID)	
			 Steps of behaviour change 		
			 Techniques of behaviour change: Guiding principles in planning BCC activity 		
			o Steps of BCC		
		Counsel and provide health education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthy	Social and Behaviour Change Communication strategies (SBCC): techniques to collect social history from clients		Performance evaluation of
		life style practices	o Barriers to effective		health

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	As se ss ment Meth od s
		using appropriate methods and media	communication, and methods to overcome them Health promotion and Health education: methods/techniques, and audio-visual aids		education sessions to individuals and families
VI	7 (T)	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts	Community health nursing approaches, concepts, roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays	Short answer Essays
		Describe and identify the activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits	Approaches: Nursing process Epidemiological approach Problem solving approach Evidence based approach Empowering people to care for themselves Review: Primary health care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC) Home Visits: Concept, Principles, Process, & Techniques: Bag technique Qualities of Community Health Nurse Roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel in family health services Review: Principles & techniques of counseling	Supervised field practice	Assessment of super vised field practice
VII	10 (T)	Explain the specific activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting individuals and families to promote and maintain their health A. Assessment of individuals and families (Review from Child health nursing, Medical surgical nursing and OBG Nursing) Assessment of children, women, adolescents, elderly etc.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays	Short answer Essay Assessment of clinical performance in the field practice are a

	(Hrs)			Activities	
			Children: Monitoring growth and development, milestones		
			Anthropometric measurements, BMI		
			Social development		Assessment of procedural
			Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring		skills in lab procedures
			Menstrual cycle		
			Breast self-examination (BSE) and testicles self- examination (TSE)		
			Warning Signs of various diseases		
			Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin		
			B. Provision of health services/primary health care:		
			Routine check-up, Immunization, counseling, and diagnosis		
			Management of common diseases at home and health centre level		
			 Care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MoH&FW 		
		Provide primary care at home/ health centers (HWC) using standing orders/ protocols as	 Drugs dispensing and injections at health centre 		
		per public health standards/approved by MoH&FW and INC regulation	C. Continue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases/disabilities		
			D. Carry out therapeutic procedures as prescribed/required for client and family		
			E. Maintenance of health records and reports		
			Maintenance of client records		
		Develop skill in	Maintenance of health records at the facility level		Explantic C
		maintenance of records and reports	Report writing and documentation of activities carried out during home visits, in the clinics/centers and field visits	Document and maintain: Individual records	Evaluation of records and reports

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning Activities	Assessment Methods
			F. Sensitize and handle	Family records	
			social issues affecting he alth and de velopment of the family	Health center rec or ds	
			Women empowerment		
			Women and child abuse		
		Develop beginning	Abuse of elders		
		skills in handling social issues affecting	Female foeticide		
		the health and development of the	Commercial sex workers		
		family	Substance abuse		
			G. Utilize community resources for client and family		
			Trauma services		
			Old age homes		
		Identify and assist the families to utilize the	Orphanages		Evaluation of
		community resources appropriately	Homes for physically challenged individuals	Field visits	field visit reports
			Homes for destitute		
			Palliative care centres		
			Hospice care centres		
			Assisted living facility		
VIII	10 (T)	Describe the concepts, approaches and		Lecture	Short answer
		methods of	Epide miology – Epide miological	Discussion	Essay
		epidemiology	Approaches and Processes	Demonstration	Report on visit to
			Epidemiology: Concept and Definition	Role play	communicable
			Distribution and frequency of disease	Field visits: communicable disease hospital & Entomology office	disease hospital
			Aims & uses of epidemiology		Report on visit to entomology office
			Epidemiological models of causation of disease		
			Concepts of disease transmission		
			Modes of transmission: Direct, Indirect and chain of infection		
			Time trends or fluctuations in disease occurrence		
			Epidemiological approaches: Descriptive, analytical and experimental		
			Principles of control measures/levels of	Investigation of an epidemic of	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Meth od s
		Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease	prevention of disease Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention	communicable disease	Report and presentation on investigating an epidemic of communicable disease
IX	15 (T)	Explain the epidemiology of specific communicable dise ases Describe the various methods of prevention, control and manage ment of communicable dise ases and the role of nurses in screening, diagnosing, primary manage ment and referral to a health facility	Communicable Diseases and National Health Programs 1. Communicable Diseases — Vector borne diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines) Epidemiology of the following vector born diseases Prevention & control measures Screening, and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up Malaria Filaria Kala-azar Japanese encephalitis Dengue Chickungunya 2. Communicable diseases: Infectious diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines) Epidemiology of the following infectious diseases Prevention & Control measures Screening, diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up Leprosy Tuberculosis Vaccine preventable diseases — Diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis	Lecture Discussion, Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with communicable diseases	Field visit reports Assessment of family case study OSCE assessment Short answer Essay

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ni ng	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Meth od s
			and measles		
			o Enteric fever		
			 Viral hepatitis 		
			HIV/AIDS/RTI infections		
			 HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/ Reproductive tract infections (STIs/RTIs) 		
			o Diarrhoe a		
			 Respiratory tract infections 		
			o COVID-19		
			 Helminthic – soil & food transmitted and parasitic infections – Scabies and pediculosis 		
			3 . Communicable diseases: Zoonotic diseases		
			Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases		
			Prevention & control measures		
			Screening and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up		
			 Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referral to a health facility 		
			Role of a nurses in control of communicable diseases		
		Identify the national	National Health Programs		
		health programs re levant to communicable dise ases and explain the role of nurses in implementation of these programs	1. UIP: Universal Immunization Program (Diphtheria, Whooping cough, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis, Measles and Hepatitis B)		
			National Leprosy Eradication Program (NLEP)		
			3. Revised National Tuberculosis Control Program (RNTCP)		
			4. Integrated Disease Surveillance Program (IDSP): Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	M eth od s
			infections and Scabies		
			5. National Aids Control Organization (NACO)		
			6. National Vector Borne Disease Control Program		
			7. National Air Quality Monitoring Program		
			8. Any other newly added program		
X	15 (T)	Describe the national	Non -Comm u nic ab le	Lecture	Field visit
		health program for the control of non-	Diseases and National Health Program (NCD)	Discussion	reports
		communicable	National response to	Demonstration	Assessment of family case
		diseases and the role of nurses in screening,	NCDs (Every disease will	Role play	study
		identification, primary	be dealt under the following headlines	Suggested field visits	OSCE
		manage ment and re ferral to a health	Epide miology of specific	Field practice	as se ss ment
		facility	diseases	Assessment of clients with non-	Short answer
			Prevention and control measures	communicable diseases	Essay
			Screening, diagnosing/ identification and primary management, referral and follow up care		
			NCD-1		
			o Diabetes Mellitus		
			o Hypertension		
			o Cardiovas cular disea ses		
			o Stroke & Obesity		
			Blind ness: Categories of visual impairment and national program for control of blindness		
			o Deafness: national program for prevention and control of deafness		
			○ Thyroid diseases		
			 Injury and accidents: Risk factors for Road traffic injuries and operational guidelines for trauma care facility on highways 		
			NCD-2 Cancers		
			o Cervical Cancer		
			o Breast Cancer		
			o Oralcancer		
			o Epidemiology of specific cancers, Risk factors/		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning	As se ss ment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Meth od s
			Causes, Prevention, Screening, diagnosis – signs, Signs & symptoms, and early management & referral		
			Palliative care Role of a nurse in non- communicable disease control program	Participation in national health programs	
			National Health Programs		
			National program for prevention and control of cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS)		
			National program for control of blindness		
			National program for prevention and control of deafness		
			National tobacco control program		
			Standard treatment protocols used in National Health Programs		
XI		Enumerate the school	School Health Services	Lecture	Short answer
		health activities and the role functions of a	Objectives	Discussion	Essay
		school health nurse	Health problems of school children	Demonstration	Evaluation of
			Components of school	Role play	health counseling to school
			health services	Suggested field visits	children
			Maintenance of school health records	Field practice	Screen, diagnose,
			Initiation and planning of school health services		manage and refer school children
			Role of a school health nurse		OSCE as se ssment

Note: Lab hours less than 1 Credit is not specified separately

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL: 2 Credits (160 hours)
CLINICAL POSTINGS: (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Area/Unit	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Urban	2 weeks	Build and maintain rapport	Interviewing skills using communication and	Community needs assessment/Survey	Evaluation of survey report

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Area/Unit	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
			interpersonal relationship	- Rural/urban - 1	
Rural	2 Weeks			Field visits:	
		Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community	Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community	SC/HWC, PHC, CHC Water resources & purification site – water quality standards	Evaluation of field visit and observation reports
				Rain water harvesting	
				Sewage disposal	
		Observe the functioning		Observation of	
		and document significant observations	Observation skills	milk diary	
				slaughterhouse – meat hygiene	
				Observation of nutrition programs	
				Visit to market	
		Perform nutritional assessment and plan diet plan for adult	Nutritional assessmentskills	Nutritional assessment of an individual (adult) – 1	
		Educate individuals/	ratitional assessmentskills	Health teaching (Adult) – 1	Health talk evaluation
		family/community on	Skill in teaching	Use of audio-visual aids	
		- Nutrition	individual/family on:	o Flash cards	
		- Hygiene	 Nutrition, including food hygiene and safety 	o Posters	
		- Food hygiene	Healthy lifestyle	o Flannel graph	
		- Healthy life style	Health promotion	o Flip charts	
		- Health promotion Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups	Health assessment including nutritional assessment for	Health a ssessment of woman - 1, infant/under five - 1, a dolescent - 1, adult - 1	
			clients of different age groups	Growth monitoring of under-five children – 1	Assessment of
				Document and maintain:	c linic al per formance
				Individual record	
				Family record	
		Maintain records and reports	Documentation skills	Health center record Community health survey to investigate an	
				epidemic – 1	Evaluations of reports &

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	As se ss ment Methods
		Investigate epidemic of communicable disease	Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral:	records
		Identify prevalent communicable and non- communicable diseases	Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high-risk clients to FRUs	Communicable disease – 1 Non- communicable diseases – 1 Home visits – 2	
		S creen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients using standing orders/protocols	Conduct home visit	Participation in any two national health programs	Clinical per formance assessment OSCE Final clinical e xa mination Evaluation of
		Participate in implementation of national health programs	Participation in implementation of national health programs	Participation in school health program – 1	home visit
		Participate in school health program	Participation in school health program		

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Practical: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Identify the latest approaches to education and learning
- 3. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 4. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and generational needs
- 5. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 6. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 7. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 8. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 9. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 10. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 11. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 12. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 13. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 14. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- 15. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 16. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, P – Practical (Laboratory)

Unit	(Hrs.)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	T 6	P 3	Explain the definition,	Introduction and Theoretical	Lecture cum	Quiz
			aims, types, approaches and scope	Foundations:	discussion	
			of educational	Education and educational technology		
			technology	Definition, aims		
				Approaches and scope of educational technology		
				Latest approaches to education:		
				o Transformational education		
				o Relationship based education		
				o Competency based education		
			Compare and contrast	Educational philosophy:		
			the various educational	Definition of philosophy, education and philosophy		
			philosophies	Comparison of educational philosophies		
				Philosophy of nursing education		
			Explain the teaching	Teaching learning process:		
			learning process, nature, characteristics	Definitions		
			and principles	Teaching learning as a process		
				Nature and characteristics of teaching and learning		
				Principles of teaching and learning		
				Barriers to teaching and learning		
				Learning theories		
				Latest approaches to learning		
				Experiential learning		

Unit			Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hı				1 CU VICES	1v1eenous
	Т	P				
				 Reflective learning S cenario based learning S imulation based learning B lended learning 	Group exercise: Create/discuss scenario-based exercise	Assessment of Assignment: Learning theories – analysis of any one
II	6	6	Identify essential qualities/attributes of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self-assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development De velop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan	Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner Types of learners Determinants of learning – learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Today's generation of learners and their skills and attributes Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors – personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum design – components, approaches Curriculum development – factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan	Self-assessment exercise: Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) Lecture cum discussion Individual/group exercise: Writing learning outcomes Preparation of a lesson plan	Assessment of Assignment: Individual/ Group
Ш	8	15	Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management	Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab – Teaching Methods Classroom management-principles and strategies Classroom communication • Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs.)				Activities	Methods
	T	P				
			Describe different methods/strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods	Information communication technology (ICT) – ICT used in education		
				Teaching methods – Features, advantages and disadvantages		
				Lecture, Group discussion, microteaching	Practice teaching/Micro	Assessment of microteaching
				Skill lab – simulations, Demonstration & re-demonstration	teaching Exercise (Peer	
				Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions	teaching) Patient teaching session	
				Role play, project		
				Field trips		
				Self-directed learning (SDL)		
				Computer assisted learning		
				One-to-one instruction		
			Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in	Active learning strategies		
				Team based learning		
				Problem based learning		
			team and collaborative	Peer sharing	Construction of game – puzzle	
			learning	Case study analysis	Teaching in groups – interdisciplinary	
				Journaling		
				Debate		
				Gaming		
				Inter-professional education		
IV	3	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection	Teaching in the Clinical Setting – Teaching Methods	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
			of clinical learning experiences	Clinical learning environment		
				Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences		
				Practice model		
				Characteristics of effective clinical teacher		
				Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies		
			De velop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	Clinical teaching strategies – patient assignment – clinical conference, clinical presentation/bedside clinic, Case study/care study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording	Writing clinical outcomes – assignments in pairs	Assessment of written assignment

Unit	Time				-	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(H	rs.)			A cti v it ies	Methods			
	T	P							
V	5	5	Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages Develop skill in preparing and using media	Educational/Teaching Media Media use — Purpose, components, principles and steps Types of media Still visuals Non projected — drawings & diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, cartoons, board devices (chalk/white board, bulletin board, flannel board, flip charts, flash cards, still pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, leaflet, brochure, flyer Projected — film stripes, microsc ope, power point slides, overhead projector Moving visuals Video learning resources — videotapes & DVD, blu-ray, USB flash drive Motion pictures/films Realia and models Real objects & Models Audio aids/audio media Audiotapes/Compact discs Radio & Tape recorder Public address system Digital audio Electronic media/computer learning resources Computers Web-based videoconferencing E-learning, Smart classroom Telecommunication (Distance education) Cable TV, satellite broadcasting, videoconferencing Telephones — Telehealth/telenursing	Preparation of different teaching aids – (Integrate with practice teaching sessions)	Assessment of the teaching me dia prepared			
VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment	Assessment/E valuation Methods/Strategies Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types Barriers to evaluation Guidelines to develop assessment	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Objective type			

Unit	Time (Hrs.)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	-			
	Т	P	tests Develop skill in construction of different tests Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	tests Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, Short answer questions (SAQ) Multiple choice questions (MCQ – single response & multiple response) Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication – progress notes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation	Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	Assessment of tool/s prepared
VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles	Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning: Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline	Lecture cum discussion	
			Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process	Guidance Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles Roles of academic advisor/ faculty in guidance Counseling Difference between guidance and counseling Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling Counseling skills/techniques – basics	Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling	Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment
			Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance	Roles of counselor Organization of counseling services		

Unit	Time (Hrs.)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	Т	P				
			Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students	Issues for counseling innursing students Discipline and grievance in students Managing disciplinary/grievance problems – preventive guidance & counseling Role of students' grievance redressal cell/committee		
VIII	4	2	Recognize the importance of value-based education Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in Nursing Education Ethics – Review Definition of terms Value based education in nursing Value development strategies Ethical decision making Ethical standards for students Student-faculty relationship Evidence based teaching – Introduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education	Value clarification exercise Case study analysis (student encountered scenarios) and suggest ethical decision-making steps Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis Quiz – MCQ

INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER **THEORY**: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedures

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	3 (T)	Describe the	Forensic Science	Lecture cum	Quiz – MCQ
		nature of forensic science	Definition	discussion	
		and discus issues	History		
		concerning violence	Importance in medical science		
			Forensic Science Laboratory	Visit to Regional Forensic Science Laboratory	Write visit report
			Violence		
			Definition		
			Epidemiology		
			Source of data		
			Sexual abuse – child and women		
II	2 (T)	Explain concepts of forensic	Forensic Nursing	Lecture cum	Short answer
		nursing and	Definition	discussion	Objective type
		scope of practice for forensic	History and development		
		nurse	Scope – setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties		
			Ethic al issues		
			Roles and responsibilities of nurse		
			INC & SNC Acts		
III	7 (T)		Forensic Team	Lecture cum	Objective type
		members of forensic team and describe role	Members and their roles	Discussion	Short answer
		of forensic nurse	Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family		
			Physical aspects	Hypothetical/real	
			Psychosocial a spec ts	case presentation	
			Cultural and spiritual a spects		
			Le gal a spects		
			Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice		
			Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence	Observation of post- mortem	
			Responsibilities of nurse as a witness		
			Evidence preservation – role of nurses		
			Observation	Visit to department of forensic medicine	
			Recognition	or forensic intentellie	Write report

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			• Collection		
			• Preservation		
			Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal/traumatic event		
			Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination		
IV	3 (T)	De scr ibe fundam ental	Introduction of Indian Constitution	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		rights and human rights commission	Fund amental Rights Rights of victim	Written Assignment	Assessment of
			Rights of accused		written assignment
			Human Rights Commission	Visit to prison	Write visit report
V	5 (T)	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law-making powers	Lecture cum discussion	Quiz
		una mws	Overview of Indian Judicial System		
			JMFC (Judic ial Magistrate First Class)	Guided reading	Short answer
			District		
			State		
			Apex		
			Civil and Criminal Case Procedures	Lecture cum discussion	
			IPC (Indian Penal Code)	4.504557517	
			ICPC		
			IE Act (Indian Evidence Act)		
		Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	Overview of POSCO Act		

B. Sc. Nursing Semester - VI

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with Cardiovascular, GI, genitourinary, nervous system disorders, orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

_			1 – 1 neory		
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Asses sment Methods
Unit		Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of cardiova scular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and ne rvous system	Cardiovascular system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic (ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF) Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic heart disease, Congestive cardiac failure Hematological conditions: a) Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia b) Others: Anemia, Leukemia, Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Hodgkins and non-hodgkins lymphoma Gastro-intestinal system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations. Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, Hirschsprungs disease (Megacolon), Anorectal malformation, Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal wall defects, Hernia Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein energy malnutrition, Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases, intestinal parasites Genitourinary urinary system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations. Congenital: Wilms tumor, Extropy of bladder, Hypospadias, Epispadias, Obstructive uropathy Others: Nephrotic syndrome, Acute glomerulonephritis, renal failure Nervous system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations a) Congenital: Spina bifida, Hydrocephalous. b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis,	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration and practice session	Assessment Methods Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
	_		Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury		
II	10 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing	Orthopedic disorders: Club foot	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration	Short answer Objective type Assessment of

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Eating disorder in children and management		
			o Obesity		
			o Anorexia nervosa		
			0 Bulimia		
			Management of challenged children.		
			o Mentally		
			o Physically		
			o Socially		
			o Child abuse,		
			o Substance abuse		
			Welfare services for challenged children in India		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II - CLINICAL PRACTICUM (1 Credit - 80 hours)

Given under Child Health Nursing - I as I & II

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER THEORY: 1 Credit (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with substance use disorders, and personality and sexual disorders.
- 2. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with behavioral and emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence
- 3. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders.
- 4. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies.
- 5. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision.
- 6. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017.
- 7. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services.

Un it	Time	Learning	Content	Teach in g/Lear ning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamic s/etiology of substance use disorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for vulnerable population Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
11	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodyna mics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders	Nursing Management of Patient with Personality and Sexual Disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
Ш	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing Management of Behavioural & Emotional Disorders occurring during Child hood and Adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorders, learning disorder) Prevalence and incidence Classifications Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations	Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
IV	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manife stations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	Nursing Management of Organic Brain Disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychopathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
V	6 (T)	Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process - Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model - Coping enhancement - Techniques of counseling	Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Short answer Objective type
VI	4 (T)	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The Mental Health Act 1987 (Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry and nursing Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking	Lecture cum discussion Case discussion	Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teach in g/Le ar ning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 		
VII	5 (T)	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc.	Lecture cum discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service a gencies	Short answer Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

CLINICAL PRACTICUM – 2 Credits (80 hours)

Clinical Practicum for Mental Health Nursing - I & II are given under Mental Health Nursing - I Clinical Practicum

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: VI Semester

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours) includes Lab/Skill Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India.
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing.
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital.
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education.
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit.
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control.
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies.
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies.
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities.
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process.
- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress.
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities.
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum.
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education.
- 15. Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement.

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends Explain the principles and	Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India Current health care delivery system of India – review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management Management Basics Applied to Nursing	Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment Lecture and discussion	Short answer Assessment of assignment
		principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the	Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Process Planning		Short answer
		Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controlling MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES		
III	4 (T)	Describe the essential elements of planning	Planning Nursing Services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning	Lecture and Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting	Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit Assessment

Unit	Time (H rs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IV		Discuss the concepts of organizing including hospital organization	Strategic planning Program planning – Gantt chart & milestone chart Budgeting – concepts, principles, types, Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) Planning for emergency and disaster Organizing Organizing as a process – assignment, delegation and coordination Hospital – types, functions & organization Organizational development Organizational structure Organizational charts Organizational effectiveness Hospital administration, Control & line of authority Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices Nursing care delivery systems and	Lecture cum discussion Comparison of organizational structure of various organizations Nursing care delivery systems – assignment Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services	of problem-solving exercises Visit Report Short answer Assessment of assignment
V	6 (T)	Identify the significance of human resource management (HRM) and material management and discuss its elements	Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate Staffing (Human resource management) Definition, objectives, components and functions Staffing & Scheduling Staffing — Philosophy, staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation Staffing units — Projecting staffing requirements/calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system Cate gories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities	Lecture and discussion Role play Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward	Formulate Job description at different levels of care & compare with existing system Preparation of duty roster

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Explain the proc edural steps of material management Develop managerial skill in inventory control and actively participate in proc urement proc ess	Turnover and absentee ism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-Service Education Nature and scope of in-service education program Principles of adult learning – review Planning and organizing in-service educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report Material Resource Management Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit	Visit to inventory store of the institution	Preparation of MMF/records Preparation of log book & condemnation documents Visit Report
VI	5 (T)	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	Directing and Leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter-professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments	Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
VII	4 (T)	Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving	Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS)	Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/repor t

Unit	Time (H rs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Conflict management and negotiation		
			Implementing planned change		
VIII	4 (T)	Explain the	Controlling	Lecture cum discussion	Assessment
		process of controlling and its activities	Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices	Preparation of policies/ protocols for nursing units/	of prepared protocols
			Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction	department	
			Nursing rounds, Documentation – records and reports		
			Total quality management – Quality assurance, Quality and safety		
			Per formance appraisal		
			Program evaluation review technique (PERT)		
			Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart)		
			Critic al path analysis		
IX	4 (T)	Explain the concepts of	Organizational Behavior and Human Relations	Lecture and discussion	Short answer
		organizational behavior and	Concepts and theories of organizational behavior	Role play/ exercise – Group dynamics & human relations	OSCE
		group dynamics	Group dynamics		
			Review – Interpersonal relationship		
			Human relations		
			Public relations in the context of nursing		
			Relations with professional associations and employee unions		
			Collective bargaining		
			Review – Motivation and morale building		
			Communication in the workplace – assertive communication		
			Committees – importance in the organization, functioning		
X	2 (T)	Describe the	Financial Management	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		financial management	Definition, objectives, elements,	Budget proposal review	Essay
		related to nursing	functions, principles & scope of financial management	Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department	Assessment of assignment
		services	Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)		
			Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for — Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units		

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	As se ss ment Methods
			Budget and Budgetary process Financial audit		
XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatics	Nursing Informatics/Information Management – Review Patient records Nursing records Use of computers in hospital, college and community Telemedicine & Tele nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR	Review Practice session Visit to departments	Short answer
XII	1 (T)	Review personal management in terms of management of emotions, stress and resilience	Personal Management – Review Emotional intelligence Resilience building Stress and time management – destressing Career planning MANAGEMENT OF NURSING	Review Discussion	
			EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		
XIII	4 (T)	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies – INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation – Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations	Lecture and discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies	Visit report
XIV	4 (T)	Explain the planning and organizing functions of a nursing college	Planning and Organizing Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review – Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs,	Directed reading – INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment – writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation	Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			computer lab, transport facilities		
			Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative		
			Committees and functioning		
			Clinical experiences		
XV	4 (T)	Deve lop	Staffing and Student Selection	Guided reading on faculty	Short answer
	. (1)	understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students	Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description Per formance appraisal Faculty development Faculty/staff we lfare	norms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors	Activity report Assessment of job description
			Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement		
XVI	4 (T)	Analyze the leadership and	Directing and Controlling	Review principles of evaluation	Short answer
		management activities in an educational organization	Review – Curriculum implementation and evaluation Leadership and motivation, supervision – review	Assignment – Identify disciplinary problems a mong students Writing student record	Assessment of assignment and record
			Guidance and counseling		
			Quality management – educational audit		
			Program evaluation, evaluation of performance		
			Maintaining discipline		
			Institutional records and reports – administrative, faculty, staff and students		
XVII	4 (T)	legal issues and	PROFESSIONAL CONSIDERATIONS		
		laws relevant to	Review – Legal and Ethical Issues		
		practic e	Nursing as a profession – Characteristics of a professional nurse		
			Nursing practice – philosophy, aim and objectives		
			Regulatory bodies – INC and SNC constitution and functions		
			Review – Professional ethics		
			Code of ethics and professional conduct – INC & ICN		
			Practice standards for nursing – INC		
			International Council for Nurses (ICN)		
			Legal aspects in nursing:		
			Consumer protection act, patient rights		
			Legal terms related to practice, legal		

Unit	-		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Methods
			system – types of law, tort law & liabilities Laws related to nursing practice – negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties Invasion of privacy, defamation of character Nursing regulatory mechanisms – registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practitioner/specialist nursing practice		
XVIII	2 (T)	Explain various opportunities for professional advancement	Professional Advancement Continuing Nursing Education Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations – national and international Participation in research activities Publications – journals, newspaper	Prepare journal list available in India Write an article – research/ clinical	Assessment of assignments

Note: Less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 2 Credits (80 hours) 2 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 80 hours

Practice Competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL/L - Skill Lab/Lab, C - Clinical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India	Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India Current scenario: Trends of maternity care in India Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate,	Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning	Short answer Objective type Essay Quiz

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		indicators	Ne onatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			Maternal death audit		
		Describe the various	National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health)		
		national health programs related to	Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing:		
		RMNCH+A	 Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) 		
		Identify the trends	o Midwifery-led care units (MLCU)		
		and issues in midwifery	 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child-bearing women 		
			 Sexual and reproductive health and rights 		
			 Women's expectations & choices about care 		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			INC/MOH&FW regulations		
			ICM code of ethics		
			Ethicalissues in maternal and ne onatal care		
		Discuss the legal and	Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers		
		ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/community)		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T)	Review the	Anatomy and physiology of human	Lecture	Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and	reproductive system and conception (Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	Discussion	Short answer
		physiology of human reproductive system	p hysiology)	Self-directed	Essay
			Review:	learning Models	
			Female organs of reproduction	Videos & films	
			Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations	v races & mins	
			Foetal skull – bones, sutures,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding Fetopelvic relationship Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene Fertilization, conception and implantation Embryological development Placental development and function, place ntal barrier Fetal growth and development Fetal circulation & nutrition		
III	12 (T) 10 (L) 40 (C)	Provide preconception care to eligible couples Describe the physiology, a ssessment and manage ment of normal pregnancy Demonstrate knowledge, a ttitude and skills of midwife ry practice throughout 1st.2nd and 3rd	Assessment and management of normal pregnancy (ante-natal): Pre-pregnancy Care Review of sexual development (Self Learning) Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning) Preconception care Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning) Planned parenthood Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters) Normal pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy — Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition Building partnership with women following RMC protocol Fathers' engagement in maternity care Ante-natal care: 1st Trimesters Antenatal a ssessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Self-Learning Health talk Role play Counseling session Case discussion/ presentation Simulation Supervised clinical practice	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Case study evaluation OSCE

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
		trim ester s	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			 Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.) 	Lab tests – performance and interpretation	
			Danger signs during pregnancy	Demonstration	
			Respectful c are and c ompassionate communication	Roleplay	
			Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines		
			Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests.		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care	Demonstration of	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	ante na ta l as se ss me nt	
			Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc.		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2 nd trimester		
			Rh negative and prophylactic anti D		
			Referral and collaboration, empowerment		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III T rimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3 rd trimester		
			Third trimester tests and screening		
			F eta l enga ge ment in late pre gnancy		
			Childbirth preparation classes		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods		
			Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy –				
			recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred	Scenario based			
			choices, birth companion	Lecture			
			Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs	Simulation			
			Women centered care	Role play			
			Respectful and compassionate	Refer GoI Guidelines			
			communication	Health talk			
			Health education on exclusive breastfeeding	Counseling session			
			Role of Doula/ASHA's	Demonstration of birthing positions			
				Workshop on alternative birthing positions			
IV	12 (T)		Physiology, man agement and care	Lecture	Essay type		
	12 (L)	promoting normal	promoting normal	Discussion	Short answer		
	80 (C)			Demonstration	Objective		
			management and care	Describe the Per vaginal management and care Stages of lal	Per vaginal examination (if necessary)	Bedside clinics	type Case study
					management and care Stages of labour Case d	Case discussion/ presentation	evaluation
			Or ganization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth	Simulated practice	Assessment of skills with check list		
			Positive birth environment	Supervised Clinical practice – Per	OSCE		
			Respectful care and communication	vaginal examination,	0.001		
			Drugs used in labour as per GoI guide lines	Conduction of normal childbirth			
			Fist Stage	Re fer SBA module			
		Discuss how to maintain a safe	Physiology of normal labour	LaQshya guidelines			
		environment for labour	Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide	Dakshata			
			Assessing and monitoring fetal well being	guidelines			
			Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour				
		Work effectively for pain management during labour	Pain management in labour (non- pharmacological)				
			Psychological support – Managing fear				
			Activity and ambulation during first stage of labour				

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Wiethous
			Nutrition during labour		
			Promote positive childbirth experience for women		
			Birth companion		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Second stage		
			Physiology (Mechanism of labour)	Re fer ENBC,	
			Signs of imminent labour	NSSK module	
		Discuss how the	Intrapartum monitoring	Demonstration	
		midwife provides care and support for the	Birth position of choice	Group work	
		women during birth to	Vaginal examination	Scenario based learning	
		enhance physiological birthing and promote	Psychological support	Carring	
		normal birth	Non-directive coaching		
		Assess and provide care of the newborn	Evidence based management of physiological birth/C onduction of normal childbirth		
		immediately	Essential newborn care (ENBC)		
		following birth	Immediate assessment and care of the newborn		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Third Stage		
			Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis	Simulation	
			Physiological management of third stage of labour	Role play Demonstration	
			Active mana gement of third stage of labour (recommended)	Videos	
			Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels		
			Assess per ineal, vaginal tear/injuries and suture if required		
			Insertion of postpartum IUCD		
			Immediate perineal care		
			Initiation of breast feeding		
			Skin to skin contact		
			Newborn resuscitation		
			Fourth Stage		
			Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn		
			Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss		
			Documentation and Record of birth		
		I			

Un it	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Asses sment Methods
V	7 (T) 6 (L) 40 (C)	Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	Breastfeeding and latching Managing uterine cramp Alternative/complementary therapies Role of Doula/ASHA's Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium – Physiology, duration Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation-review Post-partum family planning Follow-up of postnatal mothers	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised clinical practice Refer SBA module	Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE
VI	7 (T)	Discuss the need for	Drugs used in the postnatal period Records and reports Assessment and ongoing care of	Lecture	Essay type
"	7 (L)	and provision of compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn Describe the assessment and care of normal neonate	nor mal n eonates Family centered care Respectful newborn care and communication Normal Ne onate – Physiological adaptation Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	Discussion Demonstration Simulated practice session Supervised clinical practice Refer safe deliver app module — newborn	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist OSCE

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Asses smen t Me thods
	(Hrs)		the childbirth (Routine care of	management	
			ne wborn) Skin to skin contact and therm or egulation	Partial completion of SBA module	
			Infection prevention		
			Immunization		
			Minor disorders of newborn and its management		
VII	8 (T)	Explain various	Family welfare services	Lecture	Essay type
	2 (L)	methods of family planning and role of	Impact of early/frequent childbearing	Supervised	Short answers
	40 (C)	nurse/midwife in providing family planning services	Comprehensive range of family planning methods	practice Field visits	Objective type
		planning services	 Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods 	Scenario based le arning	Field visit reports
			 ○ Per manent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization 	Discussion GoI guidelines –	Vignettes
			Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods	injectable contrac eptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization	
			Emergency contraceptives		
			Recent trends and research in contraception		
			Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)		
			Legal and rights aspects of FP		
			Human rights a spects of FP adolescents		
			Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review)		
			Importance of follow up and recommended timing		
		Describe youth friendly services and	Gender related issues in SRH		
			Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife		
		role of nurses/ midwives	Special courts for abused people		
			Gender sensitive health services including family planning		
		Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence			

PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment
- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinic al Ar ea	Duration (we eks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in selected antenatal diagnostic procedures	History collection	Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study	OSCE Case presentation
			Physical examination		
			Obstetric examination		
			Pregnancy confirmation test		
			Urine testing		
			Blood testing for Hemoglobin, grouping & typing		
			Blood test for malaria		
			KICK chart		
		Counsel antenatal women	USG/NST		
			Antenatal counse ling		
			Preparation for childbirth		
			Birth preparedness and complication readiness		
Labour	3 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour	Assessment of woman in labour	Partograph recording PV examination Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitation	Assignment
room			Partograph		case study
			Per vaginal examination when indicated		Case presentation
			Care during first stage of labour		OSCE
			Pain management techniques		
			Upright and alternative positions in labour		
		Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological		
			Conduction of normal childbirth		
			Essential newborn care		
			Newborn resuscitation		
			Active management of third stage of labour		
			Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour		
Post- partum clinic and Postnatal	2 we eks	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn	Postnatalassessment	Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study	Assignment
			Care of postnatal mothers – normal		Case study
Ward			Care of normal newborn		Case presentation
including FP unit			Lactation management		

Clinic al Ar ea		_		Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			 Postnatal counseling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counseling 	Case presentation PPIUCD insertion & removal	

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

B. Sc. Nursing Semester - VII

VII SEMESTER

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2. Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical Areas	Du ration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OP D/ infertility clinic s/ Reproductive medicine and	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures	Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures	Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study	Simulation Case presentation OSCE
medicine and antenatal ward		Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal mothers Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness Post abortion care Post abortion counselling Counselling infertile couples		
Labourroom	2 weeks	Conduction of normal chidlbirth Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries Monitor labour using partograph Identify and manage complications during labour	Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Pervaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour — articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis	Partograph recording Pain management during labour Conduction of normal childbirth Assisting in abnormal deliveries Managing complication during labour Case study Case presentation	Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation OSCE

Clinic al Ar eas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			abnormal deliveries – posterior position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia		
			Assist in cervical encerclage procedures, D&C, D&E		
			Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony		
			Management of obstetric shock		
Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications Provide postnatal care	Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications	Health talk Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case studies Case presentation PPIUCD insertion and removal	Role play Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation Vignettes OSCE
			Care of postnatal mothers – abnormal deliveries, caesarean section		
			Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling		
		Provide family welfare services	Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care		
Ne on at al Intensive C are Unit	lweek	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation	Ne onatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Ne onatal resuscitation	Case study Case presentation Assignments Simulated	Case presentation Care study Care plan Simulation,
		Care of high risk newborn	Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Ne onatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube	practice	Vignettes OSCE
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc	Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery Ne onatal medications		
		Assist/perform special neonatal procedures	Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation		
Obstetric/ Gynae operation theatre & Gynecology	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	Observe/Assist in caesare an section Management of retained placenta	Assisting in obstetric and gyne cological surgery Tray set-up for	Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gyne cological surgeries

Clinic al	Du ration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	As s ess ment
Ar eas	(Wee ks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Meth od s
ward			Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education	ca esarean section Care plan	Case presentation Simulation Vignettes

Note : Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) – includes lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credit (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care
 to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined
 protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- 2. Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 3. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 4. Explain population control and its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size
- 5. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs
- 6. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 7. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 8. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 9. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 10. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 11. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 12. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 13. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 14. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 15. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 16. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory

Unit	Time Learning Hrs) Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	As se ss ment Methods
I	O(T) Explain nurses' ro in identification, prim ary management and referral of clients with common disorders/ conditions and emergencies including first aid	e Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid Standing orders: Definition, uses Screening, diagnosing/identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System Abdominal pain Nausea and vomiting Diarrhea Constipation Jaundice GI bleeding Abdominal distension Dysphagia and dyspepsia Aphthous ulcers Respiratory System Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis Acute lower respiratory infections – Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain Heart & Blood Common heart diseases – Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding disorders Eye & ENT conditions Eye – local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and re fractive errors ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness Urinary System Urinary Tract infections – cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children First aid in common emergency conditions – Review High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seiz ures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies		Short answer Essay Field visit reports OS CE assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II		Outcomes	Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community setting) Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India Antenatal care Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy Antenatal care at health centre level Birth preparedness High risk approach — Screening/early identification and primary management of complications — Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports Intra natal care Normal labour — process, onset, stages of labour Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour Care of women after labour Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up — pre term labour, fetal distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus Care of newborn immediately after birth Maintenance of records and reports Use of Safe child birth check list SBA module — Review Organization of labour room Postpartum care Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother		
			Postpartum care		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Newborn and child care		
			Review: Essential newborn care		
			Management of common neonatal problems		
			Management of common child health problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral		
			Review: IMNCI Module		
			Under five clinics		
			Ad olescent Health		
			Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys		
			Common Gynecological conditions — dysmenoorhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse		
			Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal age of marriage, nutritional status of adole scents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme		
		Promote adole sc ent	Youth friendly services:		
		health and youth	o SRH Service needs		
		friendly services	 Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, non judgemental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication 	Screen, manage and refer adolescents Counsel adolescents	
			Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS – balanced counseling strategy)		
			National Programs		
			RMNCH+A Approach – Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategies, Interventions across life stages, program management, monitoring and evaluation systems		
			Universal Immunization Program (UIP) as per Government of India guide lines – Review		
			Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) - children		
			Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) – adolscents		
			Any other new programs		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	4 (T)	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics — demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics — Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system Morbidity and mortality indicators — Definition, calculation and interpretation Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data Review: Common sampling techniques — random and nonrandom techniques Disaggregation of data	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice	Short answer Essay
IV	6 (T)	Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of population control	Population and its Control Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh) Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice	Short answer Essay OS CE assessment Counseling on family planning
V	5 (T)	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in	Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play	Essay Shortanswer Clinical performance

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		occupational health programs	National/State Occupational Health Programs	Suggested field visits	evaluation
			Role of a nurse in occupational health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	Field practice	
VI	6 (T)	Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	Geriatric Health Care Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National program for health care of elderly (NPHCE) State level programs/Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Visit report on elderly home Essay Short answer
			geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems		
VII	6 (T)	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	Mental Health Disorders Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders Review: Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction program National Mental Health Program National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community he alth nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits Field practice	Essay Shortanswer Counseling report
VIII	4 (T)	Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	Health Management Information System (HMIS) Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues Review: Basic Demography and vital statistics Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Group project on community diagnosis – data	Group project report Essay Shortanswer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	As se ss ment Methods
			 Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	management	
IX	12 (T)	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas	Management of delivery of community health services: Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC Manpower planning as per IPHS standards Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals Defense services Institutional services Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services	Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care delivery systems Supervised field practice	Essay Short answer Filed visit reports
X	15 (T)	Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs)	Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles & responsibilities Health team mana gement Review: Leadership & supervision — concepts, principles & methods Leadership in health: leadership approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring — concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers Financial Management and Accounting & Computing at Health Centers (SC) Activities for which funds are received	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice	Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs, ASHA, AWWs Partic ipation in training programs Essay Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			o Accounting and book keeping requirements - accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting		
			o Preparing a budget		
			o Audit		
			Records & Reports:		
			Concepts of records and reports – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records		
			Types of records – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining		
			Report writing – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports		
			Medical Records Department – functions, filing and retention of medical records		
			Electronic Medical Records (EMR) – capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvanta ges of HER		
			Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting		
XI	6 (T)	Demonstrate	Disaster Management	Lecture	
		initiative in preparing	Disaster types and magnitude	Discussion	
		themselves and the community for	Disaster prepare dness	Demonstration	
		disaster	Emergency preparedness	Role play	
		preparedness and management	Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome	Suggested field visits, and field	
			Basic disaster supplies kit	practice	
			Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques	Mock drills Refer Disaster	
			Use disaster management module	module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies	
XII	3 (T)	Describe the	Bio-Medical Waste Management	Lecture cum	Field visit
231.1		importance of bio- medical waste management, its process and	Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community	Discussion Field visit to waste management site	report
		management	Waste management in health center/clinics		
			Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review)		
XIII	3 (T)	Explain the roles and functions of	Health Agencies	Lecture	Essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	As se ss ment Methods
		various national and international health a gencies	International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA)		Shortanswer

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

Clinical practicum – 2 credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinic al Require ments	Assessment Methods
Ur ban Rural	2 Weeks	Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new-born care Promote adolescent health	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common c onditions/ emergencies Assessment (physical & nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and newborn Conduction of normal delivery at health center Newborn care Counsel adolescents Family planning counselling Distribution of temporary contraceptives — condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives	Screening, diagnosing, Primary management and care based on standing or ders/protocols approved by MOH&FW Minor ailments – 2 Emergencies – 1 Dental problems – 1 Eye problems – 1 Ear, nose, and throat problems – 1 High risk pregnant woman – 1 High risk neonate – 1 Assessment of antenatal – 1, intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and newborn – 1 Conduction of normal delivery at health center and documentation – 2 Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1 Adolescent counseling – 1 Family planning counselling –	Clinical performance assessment OS CE during posting Final clinical examination (University) Clinical performance assessment OS CE

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinic al Require ments	Assessment Methods
			Clinical Skills		
		Provide family welfare services	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	1 Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban)	Family Case study evaluation
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem	Health assessment of elderly	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 1	
			Mental health screening	nearth problems – 1	Clinical performance
		Screen, assess and manage elderly with health problems and refer appropriately		Health a ssessment (Physical &	eva luation
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally	Participation in Community diagnosis – data management	nutritional) of elderly – 1 Mental health screening survey	OS CE
		unhealthy Participate in community diagnosis – data management	Writing health center activity report	-1	
		Participate in health	Organizing and conducting clinics/camp	Group project: Community dia gnosis – data manage ment	
		centre activities	Participation in disaster mock drills	Write report on health center activities – 1	
		Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community		Organizing and conducting Antenatal/under-five clinic/Health camp – 1	Project eva luation
		Prepare for disaster preparedness and management		Participation in disaster mock drills	
		Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste management process		Field visit to bio-medical waste management site	
				Visit to AYUSH clinic	

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical Project: 40 hours

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory, P – Practicum

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	Т	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and are as of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	Research and Research Process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of Research process — overview Evidence Based Practice — Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers	Lecture cum Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies Identify research priorities on a given area/ specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice	Short answer Objective type
II	2	8	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives and hypotheses	Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives	Short answer Objective type Formulation of research questions/ objectives/ hypothesis

Unit	Tir	ne (H rs.)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	Т	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
Ш	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc. Purposes Method of review	Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem Prepare annotated Bibliography	Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented
IV	4	1	Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research Approaches and Designs Historical, survey and experimental Qualitative and Quantitative designs	Lecture cum Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale	Short answer Objective type
V	6	6	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques Data – why, what, from whom, when and where to collect Data collection methodsand instruments Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection procedure	Lecture cum Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project	Short answer Objective type Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
VI	4	6	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	Lecture cum Discussion Preparation of sample tables	Short answer Objective type Analyze and interpret given data
VII	12	8	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement	Introduction to Statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement.	Lecture cum Discussion Practice on	Short answer Objective type Computation of

Unit	Time (Hrs.)		Learning	-	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	Т	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			and graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation	 Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation	descriptive statistics
VIII	4	40 Hrs (Clinical Project)	Communicate and utilize the research findings	Communication and utilization of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/paper Critical review of published research including publication ethics Utilization of research findings Conducting group research project	Lecture cum Discussion Read/ Presentations of a sample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project	Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Development of research proposal Assessment of research Project

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING - II

including Safe Delivery App Module

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 4 Credits (320 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetric and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal period.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology.
- 12. Counsel and care for couples with infertility.
- 13. Describe artificial reproductive technology.

COURSE OUTLINE T – Theory, SL/L – Skill Lab, C – Clinical

- 1	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Out come s	Content	T eaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	12 (T) Des 10 (L) asso man 80 (C) refe with dur Sup with preg faci pos		Recognition and Management of problems during Pregnancy Assessment of high-risk pregnancy Problems/Complications of Pregnancy Hyper-emesis gravidarum, Bleeding in early pregnancy – abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole Unintended or mistimed pregnancy Post abortion care & counseling Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma Medical conditions complicating pregnancy – Anemia, PIH/Preeclampsia, Eclampsia, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease, thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh incompatibility Infections in pregnancy – urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal, malaria in pregnancy Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy – appendicitis, acute abdomen COVID-19 & pregnancy and children Hydramnios Multiple pregnancy Abnormalities of placenta and cord Intra uterine growth restriction Intra uterine fetal death Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy Mental health issues during pregnancy Adolescent pregnancy Elderly primi, grand multiparity		

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	T eac hin g/ L ear ning Activities	As se ss ment Methods
			Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies		
			Ma intenance of records and reports		
	20 (T) 15 (L) 80 (C)	Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems during labour within the scope of midwifery practice.	Recognition and management of abnormal labour Preterm labour — Prevention and management of preterm labour; (Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour) Premature rupture of membranes Malposition's and abnormal presentations (posterior position, breech, brow, face, shoulder) Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic Disproportion (CPD) Disorders of uterine action — Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour, Dysfunctional labour Complications of third stage — Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade) Obstetric emergencies — Foetal distress, Ruptured uterus, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism Episiotomy and suturing Obstetric procedures — Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version Induction of labour — Medical & surgical Caesare an section — indications and pre paration Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetric operations and procedures Drugs used in management of abnormal labour Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guidelines – use of uterotonics during labour, antenatal corticosteroids GoI guidance note on prevention and management of PPH	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OS CE
Ш	9 (T) 5 (L) 40 (C)	Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of	Recognition and Management of postnatal problems Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal	Lecture Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation	Quiz Simulation Shortanswer
		women with abnormal postnatal conditions.	Puerperal complications and its management O Puerperal pyrexia O Puerperal sepsis	Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice	OS CE

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Out comes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	As se ss ment Methods		
			o Urinary complications				
			o Se condar y Postpartum he morrhage				
			o Vulval hematoma				
			Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem				
			○ Throm bophlebitis				
			∘ DVT				
			o Uterine sub involution				
			Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF)				
			o Postpartum de pression/psychosis				
			Drugs used in abnormal puerperium				
			Policy about re ferral				
IV	7 (T)	Describe high risk	Assessment and management of High	Lecture	Shortanswer		
11	7 (T)	neonates and their	Assessment and management of High- risk newborn (Review)				
	1	5 (L) nursing 40 (C) management	Models of newborn care in India –	Discussion	Objective type		
		40 (C)	40 (C)	g	NBCC; SNCUs	Demonstration	Assessment of skills with
			Screening of high-risk newborn	Simulation	check list		
			Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control	Case discussion/ presentation	OSCE		
			Prematurity, Post-maturity	Drug presentation			
			Low birth weight	Supervised Clinical practice			
			Kangaroo Mother Care	Integrated			
			Birth a sphyxia/Hypoxic encepha lopathy	Management of			
			Ne onatal sepsis	Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI)			
			Hypothermia	innesses (innesses)			
			Respiratory distress				
			Jaundice				
			Ne onatal infections				
			High fever				
			Convulsions				
			Ne on atal teta nus				
			Congenital anomalies				
			Baby of HIV positive mothers				
			Baby of Rhnegative mothers				
			Birth injuries				
			SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care				
			Calculation of fluid requirements, EB M/formula fee ds/tube feeding				
			Home based newborn care program -				

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Out come s	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			community facility integration in newborn care		
			Decision making about management and referral		
			Bereavement counseling		
			Drugs used for high risk newborns		
			Maintenance of records and reports		
V	12 (T) 5 (L)	Describe the assessment and	Assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders	Lecture	Essay
	80 (C)	management of women with gynecological	Gynecological assessment – History and Physical assessment	Discussion Demonstration	Shortanswer Objective type
		disorders.	Breast Self-Examination	Case discussion/	Assessment of
			Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system	presentation Drug presentation	skills with check list
			Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical	Videos, films	OS CE
		manifest	manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and management of women	Simulated practice	
			with	Supervised Clinical practice	
			o Menstrual abnormalities	Visit to infertility	
			o Abnormal uter ine bleed	clinic and ART	
			o Pelvic inflammatory disease	centers	
			Infections of the reproductive tract		
			 ○ Uterine displacement ○ Endometriosis 		
			Uterine and cervical fibroids and polyps		
			 Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian, vaginal, vulval 		
			○ Cysts – ovarian, vulval		
			o Cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele		
			o Genitor-urinary fistulas		
			 Breast disorders – infections, deformities, cysts, tumors 		
			o HPV vaccination		
			o Disorders of Puberty and menopause		
			o Hormonal replacement therapy		
			Assessment and management of couples with infertility		
			o Infertility – definition, causes		
			o Counseling the infertile couple		
			o Investigations – male and female		
			o Artificial reproductive technology		
			 Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation 		

Unit Tim (Hrs	Outcomes	Content	T eac hin g/ L ear ning Activities	Assessment Methods
		 Adoption – counseling, procedures Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders 		

Note: Complete safe delivery app during VII Semester.