

**COURSE DESIGN OF LL.M (TWO YEAR PROGRAM)
(SEMESTER PATTERN)**

Semester	Core Course	Elective Course	Practical Paper	Open Course	General Course	Total No. of Papers	Total Marks	Total Credits
First Semester	02	02	01	NIL	NIL	05	500	30
Second Semester	02	02	01	NIL	NIL	05	500	30
Third Semester	NIL	02	01	02	01	06	600	30
Fourth Semester	Dissertation	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	01	200	30
Total						17	1800	120

1. Scheme of Examination: The examinations for two year LL.M. Program will be held in each Semester. The medium of instruction and the examination shall be in English. Every paper shall carry 100 marks out of which 60 marks are for written examination i.e. University Examination (UE) & 40 marks for Internal Assessment (IA). There shall be no written examination (i.e UE) for Practical Paper and Dissertation.

▪ **Internal Assessment (IA) will be as follows:**

- Unit Tests - 15 marks
- Home assignment - 10 marks
- Tutorial/Class Presentation - 10 marks
- Attendance - 5 marks

▪ **Practical Paper**

- The student has to appear for a Practical Paper in First, Second and Third Semester each respectively.
- The practical paper shall carry 100 marks each which shall be evaluated on the basis of the performance of the students under following headings:
 - Research Project (Doctrinal/Non-doctrinal)
 - Research publication
 - Clinical work
 - Law teaching

▪ **Dissertation**

- Dissertation shall carry 200 marks which shall be evaluated as follows:
 - Written work submission – 100 Marks
 - Research Publication – 50 Marks
(in Peer reviewed journal having ISSN No.)
 - Presentation and Viva voce – 50 marks

The student shall also have to submit two progress reports signed by their research guide highlighting the work carried out by the student during his research.

2. **Credit System:** Choice based credit system designed as per the University rules has been implemented for this program. The two year LL.M. program will have **120 credits**. Each credit is of 15 hours.
3. **Grading System:** The University has adopted a **10-point absolute grading system** for grading in each head of passing. The grading system shall be as shown in Table-1 below.

The Grading System under CBCS

Range of Marks (out of 100)	Grade Point	Grade
$80 \leq \text{Marks} \leq 100$	10	O
$70 \leq \text{Marks} < 80$	9	A+
$60 \leq \text{Marks} < 70$	8	A
$55 \leq \text{Marks} < 60$	7	B+
$50 \leq \text{Marks} < 55$	6	B
Marks < 50	0	D

The performance indicators O, A+, A, B+, B, and D shall respectively mean Outstanding, Excellent, Very Good, Good, Average, and Poor. It may be noted that entries in Table are meant for converting marks in individual courses to grade points. The respective grade points can also be computed from the following formulas given in Table-2.

The Formula to calculate the Grade Points (GP):

Suppose that 'Max' is the maximum marks assigned for an examination or evaluation based on which GP will be computed. In order to determine the GP, set $x = \text{Max}/10$ (since we have adapted 10-point system). Then GP is calculated by the formulas shown in Table-2. After computing the grade point the grade can be found from Table-1.

Table-2: Formula to Calculate Grade Point in Individual Evaluations

Range of Marks at the evaluation	Formula for the Grade Point
$8x \leq M \leq 10x$	10
$5.5x \leq M < 8x$	$\text{Truncate}(M / x) + 2$
$4x \leq M < 5.5x$	$\text{Truncate}(M/x) + 1$

4. Computation of Grade Point Averages: Cumulative performance indicators such as GPA, SGPA, or CGPA shall be calculated as described and illustrated below.

- I. The performances at UE and IA will be combined to obtain the Grade Point Average (GPA) for the course. **The weights for performance at UE and IA shall respectively be 60% and 40%.**
- II. The grade point average (GPA) for a course shall be calculated by first finding the total marks **out of 100 for the course. The corresponding GP (as per the table in (2) above) shall be the GPA for the course.**
- III. Two kinds of performance indicators, namely, the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) shall be computed at the end of each term. The SGPA measures the cumulative performance of a learner in all the courses in a particular semester, while the CGPA measures the cumulative performance in all courses since his/her enrolment. The CGPA of a learner when he/she completes the programme is the final result of the learner.
- IV. The SGPA is calculated by the formula $SGPA = \frac{\sum C_k \times GP_k}{\sum C_k}$, where C_k is the credit-value assigned to a course and GP_k is the GPA obtained by the learner in the course. In the above, the sum is taken over all the courses that the learner has undertaken for the study during the semester, including those in which he/she might have failed or those for which he/she remained absent. **The SGPA shall be calculated up to two decimal place accuracy.**
- V. The CGPA is calculated by the formula $CGPA = \frac{\sum C_k \times GP_k}{\sum C_k}$, where C_k is the credit-value assigned to a course and GP_k is the GPA obtained by the learner in the course. In the above, the sum is taken over all the courses that the learner has undertaken for the study from the time of his/her enrolment and also the during the semester for which CGPA is calculated, including those in which he/she might have failed or those for which he/she remained absent. **The CGPA shall be calculated up to two decimal place accuracy.**
- VI. The CGPA, calculated after the minimum credits specified for the programme are 'earned', will be the final result.

5. Standards of Passing

- For all courses, both UE and IE constitute separate heads-of-passing (HoP).
- In order to pass in such courses and to 'earn' the assigned credits the learner must obtain a minimum grade point of **6.0 (50% marks) at UE** and also a minimum grade point of **6.0 (50% marks) at IA;**
- The GPA for a course will be calculated only if the learner passes at the UE.
- A student who fails at UE in a course has to reappear only at UE as a backlog candidate and clear the HoP.

- Similarly, a student who fails in a course at IA has to reappear only at IA as a backlog candidate and clear the HoP.

6. Rules of Promotion: - The admission of students to the Two Year LL.M Program shall be on the yearly basis. A student admitted to the First Year of the course who complies with norms of the credit system and internal assessment with minimum 75% of attendance in the first year shall be automatically promoted to the Second year.

7. Award of Honours:

1. A student who has completed the minimum credits specified for the programme shall be declared to have passed in the programme. The final result will be in terms of letter grade only and is based on the CGPA of all courses studied and passed. The criteria for the award of honours are given in Table 4.

Table 4: Criteria for the Award of Honours at the End of the Programme

Range of CGPA	Final Grade	Performance Descriptor	Equivalent Range of Marks (%)
$9.50 \leq CGPA \leq 10.00$	O	Outstanding	$80 \leq Marks \leq 100$
$9.00 \leq CGPA \leq 9.49$	A+	Excellent	$70 \leq Marks < 80$
$8.00 \leq CGPA \leq 8.99$	A	Very Good	$60 \leq Marks < 70$
$7.00 \leq CGPA \leq 7.99$	B+	Good	$55 \leq Marks < 60$
$6.00 \leq CGPA \leq 6.99$	B	Satisfactory	$50 \leq Marks < 55$
CGPA below 6.00	F	Fail	<i>Marks Below 50</i>

2. Formula to compute equivalent percentage marks for specified CGPA:

$$\%Marks(CGPA) = \begin{cases} 10 \times CGPA - 10, & \text{if } 5.00 \leq CGPA \leq 6.00 \\ 5 \times CGPA + 20, & \text{if } 6.00 \leq CGPA \leq 8.00 \\ 10 \times CGPA - 20, & \text{if } 8.00 \leq CGPA \leq 9.00 \\ 20 \times CGPA - 110, & \text{if } 9.00 \leq CGPA \leq 9.50 \\ 40 \times CGPA - 300, & \text{if } 9.50 \leq CGPA \leq 10.00 \end{cases}$$

COURSE STRUCTURE FOR LL.M (TWO YEAR PROGRAM) (SEMESTER PATTERN)

➤ Core courses

- Law and social transformation in India (5 credits)
- Indian constitutional law: The new challenges (5 credits)
- Judicial process (5 credits)
- Legal education and research methodology (5 credits)

➤ Elective Courses

▪ Business law

- Law of industrial and Intellectual property (5 credits)
- Legal regulation of economic enterprises (5 credits)
- Law of export import regulation (5 credits)
- Banking laws (5 credits)
- Insurance laws (5 credits)
- Corporate finance (5 credits)

▪ Human rights law

- Concept and development of human rights (5 credits)
- Human rights and international order (5 credits)
- Protection and enforcement of human rights in India (5 credits)
- Human rights of disadvantaged groups (5 credits)
- International humanitarian law and refugee law (5 credits)
- Science technology and human rights (5 credits)
- Dissertation (30 credits)

▪ Intellectual Property Law

- General Regime of Intellectual Property Rights (5 credits)
- Law Relating to Patents (5 credits)
- Law Relating to Trademarks (5 credits)
- Law Relating to Copyright (5 credits)
- Biotechnology and IPR (5 credits)
- Law of geographical indication and traditional knowledge (5 credits)

▪ Environment Law

- Environment and Development: Law and Policy (5 credits)
- Environment and international legal order (5 credits)
- Environment protection in India (5 credits)
- Environment protection and disaster management (5 credits)
- Climate change and legal order (5 credits)
- Biological diversity and legal order (5 credits)

➤ **Practical Paper**

- Practical Paper I (10 Credits)
- Practical Paper II (10 Credits)
- Practical Paper III (10 Credits)

➤ **Interdisciplinary Courses**

- Educational Technology and E-learning (3 credits)
- Computer Application and Legal research (3 credits)

➤ **Value Added Course**

- Soft skills and Personality Development (4 credits)

